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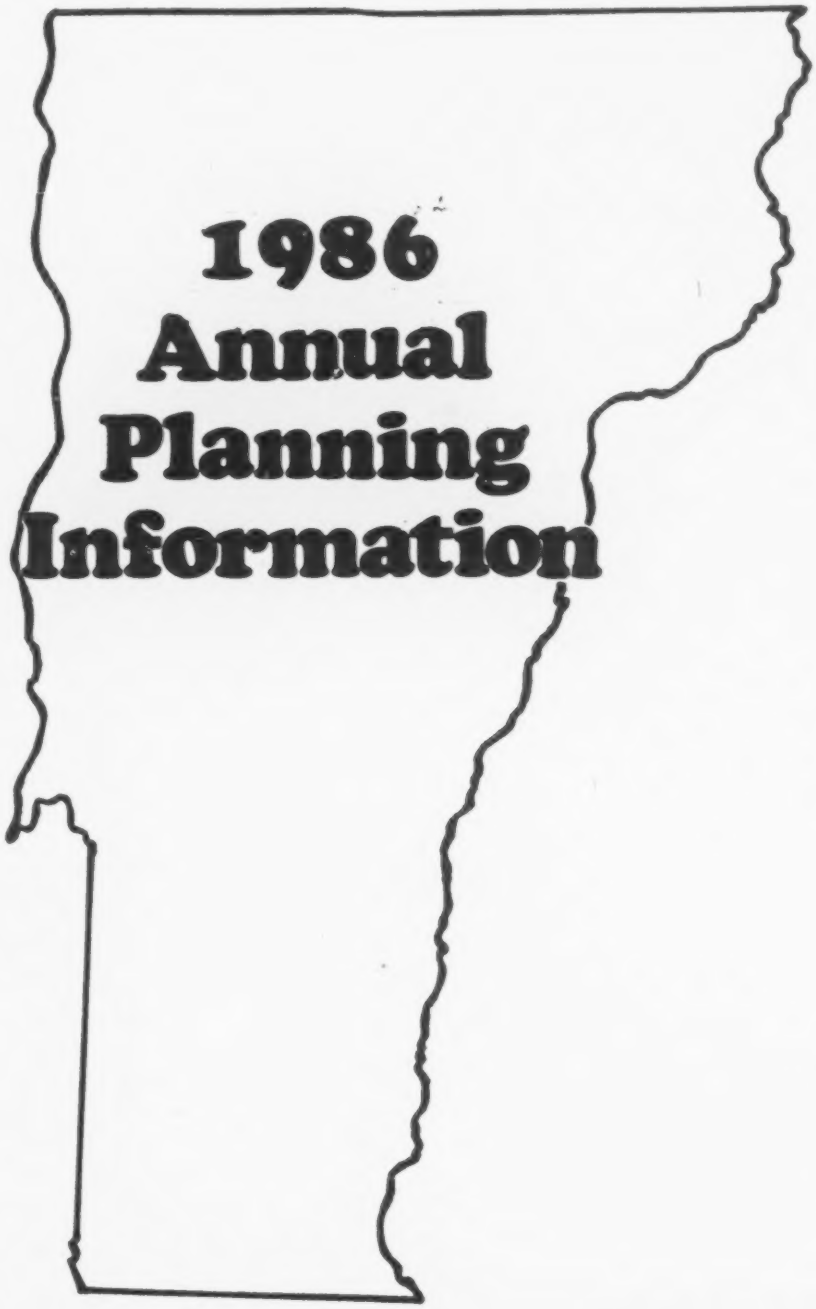

1986 Annual Planning Information

Vermont Department of Employment and Training
Office of Labor Market Information

VERMONT

ANNUAL PLANNING

INFORMATION

1986

SEPTEMBER 1986

Vermont Department of Employment and Training
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FOREWORD

The Annual Planning Information report is a statistical and analytical presentation of labor market data for the State of Vermont. This report is intended for use by planners and administrators in developing employment programs and job training plans for the current year. Vocational educators, State and local offices, business, labor and other community leaders who need accurate and timely labor market information at the State and local level for planning and program decision-making should also find this report of value. Additional sources of information as well as more detailed data for some tables are available upon request.

Between 1970 and 1980, Vermont's population grew from 444,732 to 511,456 and between 1980 and 1985, the population increased by 23,544, reaching an estimated 535,000. During the comparable periods, Chittenden County recorded the largest population expansion in absolute numbers of people and the White River Junction Labor Market Area registered the greatest percent increase. The town of Milton showed the largest percentage gain in population between 1970 and 1985 among Vermont's major cities and towns.

The 1985 Vermont per capita income preliminary estimate is $11,599. Annual wages drawn from unemployment compensation tax reports filed by Vermont's private sector employers averaged $15,767 and average hourly earnings for manufacturing production workers were $8.41. The consumer price index level for the United States averaged 322.2, a 3.6 percent increase over 1984.

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment averaged 223,550 jobs in 1985, representing an increase of 8,700 jobs over the 1984 average. Employment in manufacturing increased 400 jobs, while nonmanufacturing increased 8,400 jobs.

According to Current Population Survey adjusted estimates, Vermont's annual average labor force increased from 219,000 in 1976 to 277,000 in 1985, a gain of 58,000 or 26.5 percent. Vermont's economy showed continued strong improvement in 1985 with the unemployment rate averaging 4.8 percent, down 0.4 percent from 1984.

Regular benefit recipients averaged 4,479 for a survey week in 1985.

During the fiscal year 1985, 70,369 persons were fully registered with Vermont Job Service, a decrease of 4,694 from the prior fiscal year.

The number of job openings received by Vermont Job Service during fiscal year 1985 totaled 29,655, an 11.8 percent increase from the previous fiscal year.

Overview

Vermont is a rural state covering 9,278 square miles. It is composed of fourteen counties and divided into twelve labor market areas, as illustrated on maps 1 and 2. According to the Bureau of the Census, the final population count of the State as of April 1, 1980 was 511,456. Burlington with a 1980 population of 37,712 is the State's largest city and is situated in Chittenden County bordering Lake Champlain. Other major cities and towns are listed in Table 1. As can be seen, only eight cities and towns had a population of 10,000 or more in 1980. There are several employment centers scattered throughout the State with at least one major employment center in each county except Grand Isle, as shown in Table 2. Table 3 displays the top ten nonagricultural wage and salary industries in Vermont during 1985.

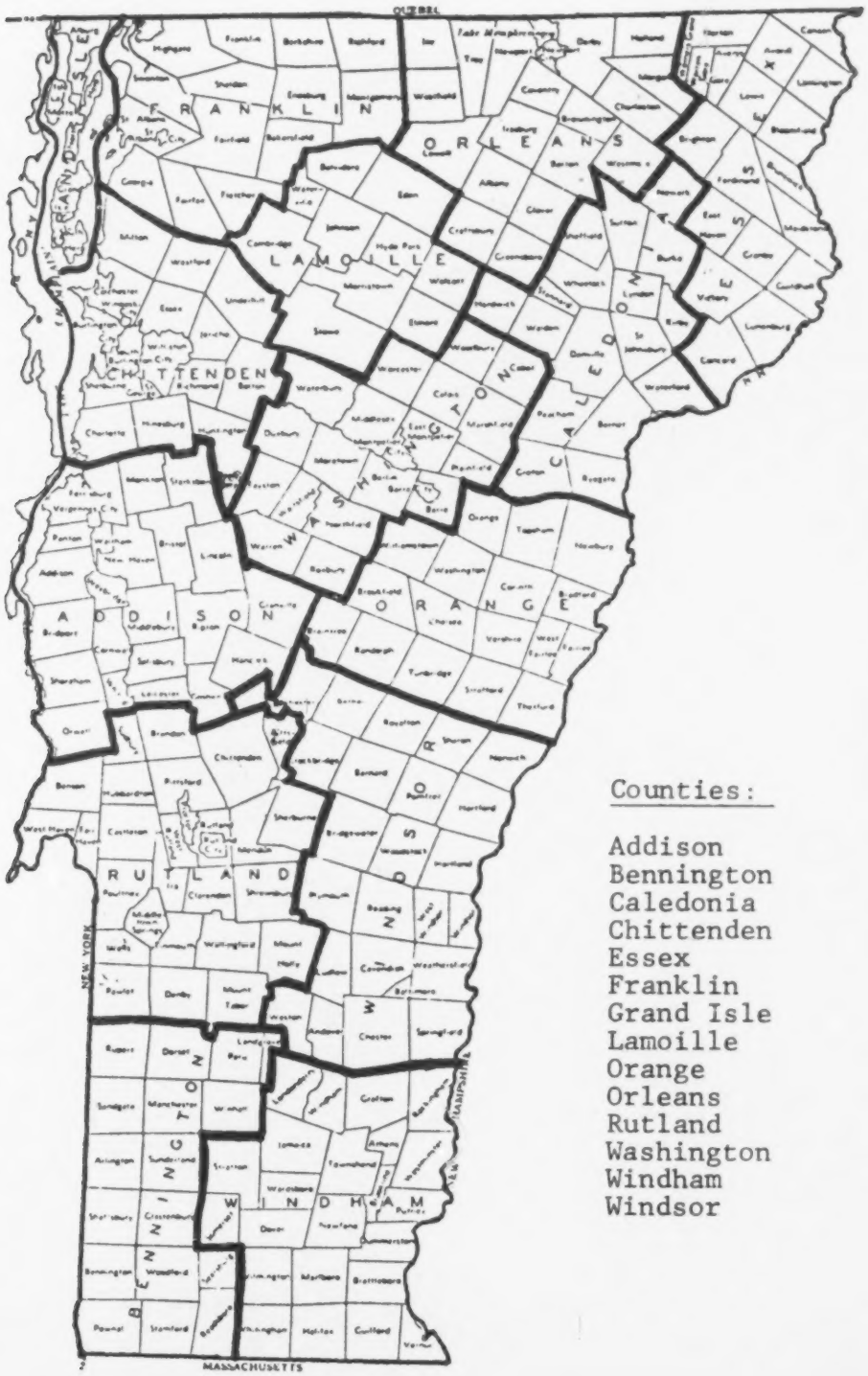
Vermont Population

As shown in Table 4, between 1970 and 1980, Vermont's population grew from 444,732 to 511,456, a 15 percent gain. Between 1980 and 1985, the population increased 23,544, reaching an estimated 535,000. In 1985, females outnumbered males by about 5.6 percent, slightly higher than in 1980. Between 1980 and 1985, the largest share of the population increase occurred in the 40-44 age group, while the smallest expansion occurred in the 55-99 age category. Declines occurred in the following age groups: 5-9, 10-14, 15-19, 50-54. In 1985, the largest proportion was found in the 20-24 age group (9.3 percent), followed closely by the 25-29 age group. The smallest share took place in the 70-74 age category. Vermont's nonwhite population is very small, accounting for less than one percent of the total.

Area Population

Table 5 presents the 1970, 1980 and estimated 1985 population for Vermont's counties. Chittenden County, with a gain of 16,403 between 1970 and 1980 recorded the largest population expansion in absolute numbers of people. Windsor and Rutland Counties, with gains of 6,948 and 5,710 residents respectively over 1970, ranked second and third. Addison County, also registered a noteworthy population expansion, growing from 24,266 in 1970 to 29,406 in 1980. As shown, Grand Isle had the smallest number of residents (4,613) in 1980. Between 1980 and 1985, the greatest increase in population once again occurred in Chittenden County (+7,544). Windham County ranked second with an increase of 2,067 during the same period. The smallest increase in population was registered in Essex County (+294).

MAP 1
VERMONT COUNTIES

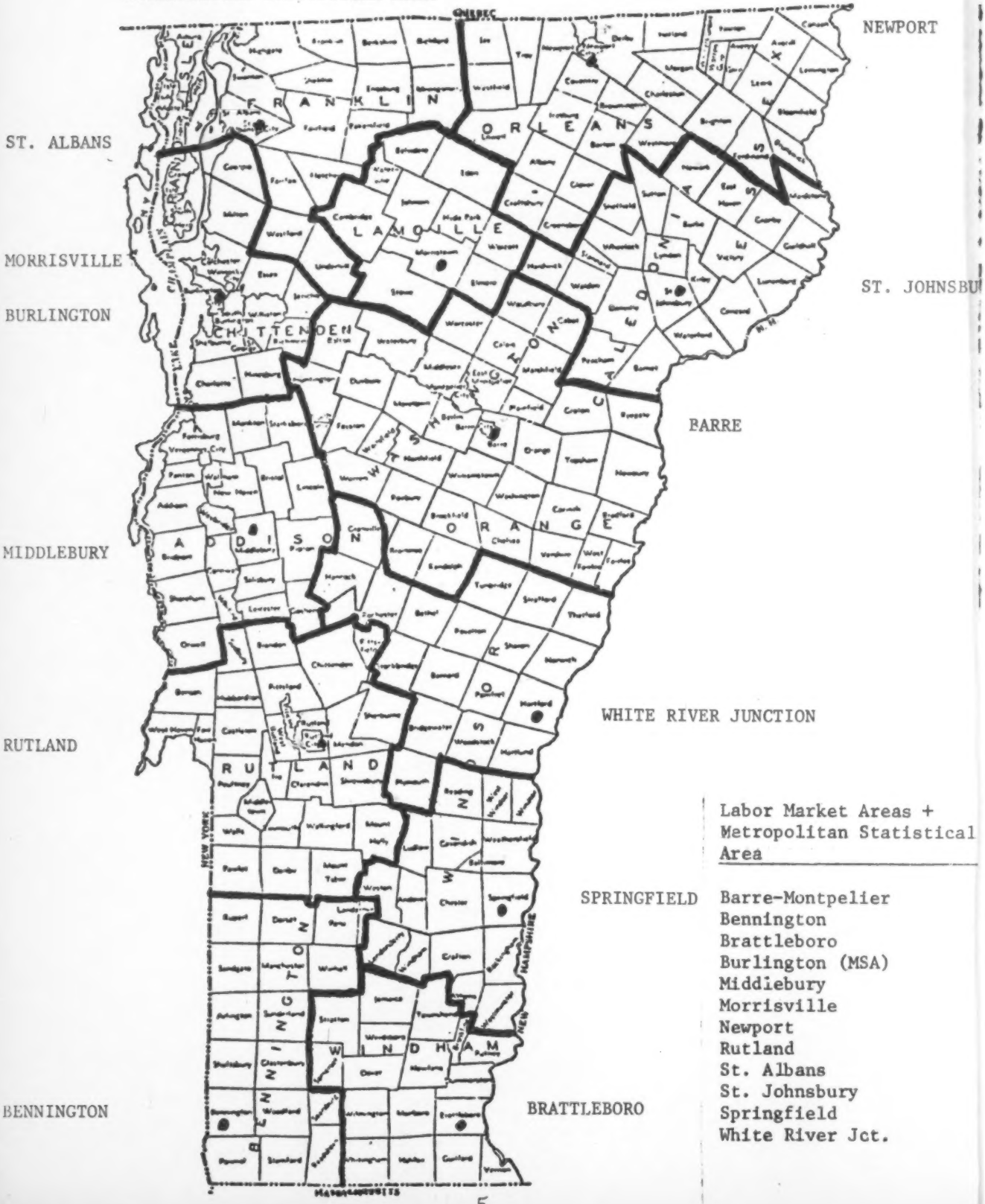


Counties:

Addison
Bennington
Caledonia
Chittenden
Essex
Franklin
Grand Isle
Lamoille
Orange
Orleans
Rutland
Washington
Windham
Windsor

MAP 2

VERMONT'S 11 LABOR MARKET AREAS + THE BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



The population of Vermont's Labor Market Areas is shown in Table 6. The greatest percentage increase in population between 1970 and 1985 occurred in the White River Junction and Morrisville areas. During the 1980 to 1985 period, the White River Junction Area again registered the greatest growth, with a gain of 7.5 percent followed by the St. Albans Labor Market Area with a gain of 7.1 percent.

Referring to Table 1 on this page, the Towns of Milton and Colchester in Chittenden County showed the largest percentage gains in population between 1970 and 1985, 73.7 percent and 59.2 percent respectively. Seven major cities and towns recorded declines in population from 1970 to 1985: Burlington, Rutland City, Springfield, Barre City, Montpelier, St. Johnsbury and St. Albans City. Milton (+14.3%), South Burlington (+11.2%), and Colchester (10.6%) recorded the greatest population growth between 1980 and 1985. During the same period, Rutland City, Springfield, and St. Johnsbury had small decreases in population.

*NOTE: Some of the changes are due to adjustments made in Labor Market Areas mandated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of The Census designation of Burlington as a Metropolitan Statistical Area.

TABLE 1
POPULATION OF MAJOR VERMONT CITIES & TOWNS
1970, 1980, Estimated 1985

CITIES & TOWNS, COUNTY	1970 1/	1980 1/	ESTIMATED 1985 2/	% CHANGE EST. 1970-1985	% CHANGE EST. 1980-1985
Burlington, Chittenden	38,633	37,712	38,275	- 0.9	1.5
Rutland City, Rutland	19,293	18,436	18,176	- 5.8	- 1.4
Bennington, Bennington	14,586	15,815	16,436	12.7	3.9
Essex, Chittenden	10,951	14,392	15,100	37.9	4.9
Colchester, Chittenden	8,776	12,629	13,970	59.2	10.6
Brattleboro, Windham	12,239	11,886	12,455	1.7	4.7
S. Burlington, Chittenden	10,032	10,679	11,870	18.3	11.2
Springfield, Windsor	10,063	10,190	10,054	- 0.1	- 1.3
Barre City, Washington	10,209	9,824	10,032	- 1.7	2.1
Montpelier, Washington	8,609	8,241	8,240	- 4.3	0.0
Hartford, Windsor (Inc. White River Jct.)	6,477	7,963	8,505	31.3	6.8
St. Johnsbury, Caledonia	8,409	7,938	7,900	- 6.1	- 0.5
Middlebury, Addison	6,532	7,574	7,835	19.9	3.4
Milton, Chittenden	4,495	6,829	7,807	73.7	14.3
St. Albans City, Franklin	8,082	7,308	7,363	- 8.9	0.8
Barre Town, Washington	6,509	7,090	7,242	11.3	2.1

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health

TABLE 2
MAJOR EMPLOYMENT CENTERS BY COUNTY IN VERMONT

COUNTY	EMPLOYMENT CENTERS
Addison	Middlebury, Vergennes
Bennington	Bennington
Caledonia	St. Johnsbury
Chittenden	Burlington
Essex	Island Pond
Franklin	St. Albans
Grand Isle	(None)
Lamoille	Morrisville
Orange	Randolph, Bradford
Orleans	Newport
Rutland	Rutland
Washington	Barre, Montpelier
Windham	Brattleboro, Bellows Falls
Windsor	Springfield, White River Jct.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

TABLE 3
TOP TEN INDUSTRIES IN VERMONT
ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT
1985

	INDUSTRY	ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT 1/
1.	Local Government	18,850
2.	Health Services	15,950
3.	Contract Construction	14,350
4.	State Government	13,450
5.	Electrical Machinery Manufacturing	13,300
6.	Eating and Drinking Places	13,000
7.	Hotels, Motels, Other Lodging Places	8,450
8.	Educational Services	8,100
9.	Hospitals	7,900
10.	Retail Food Stores	7,050

1/ Based on 1985 Current Employment Statistics Benchmark.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 4

VERMONT POPULATION BY AGE GROUP AND SEX

1970, 1980, ESTIMATED 1985

AGE GROUP	1970 1/			1980 1/			ESTIMATED 1984 2/			% CHANGE 1970-EST. 1985	% CHANGE 1980-EST. 1985	% DISTRIBUTION ESTIMATED 1985
	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
0 - 4	39,693	20,312	19,381	35,998	18,480	17,518	40,217	20,662	19,555	1.3	11.7	7.5
5 - 9	45,945	23,543	22,402	37,855	19,507	18,348	36,914	18,989	17,925	- 19.7	- 2.5	6.9
10 - 14	45,691	23,736	21,955	42,650	21,930	20,720	39,917	20,543	19,374	- 12.6	- 6.4	7.4
15 - 19	44,431	21,950	22,481	51,287	25,552	25,735	45,764	22,786	22,978	3.0	- 10.8	8.6
20 - 24	36,037	17,416	18,621	48,637	23,975	24,662	49,825	24,584	25,241	38.3	2.4	9.3
25 - 29	28,950	14,465	14,485	44,485	21,997	22,848	49,207	24,322	24,885	70.0	10.6	9.2
30 - 34	23,770	11,990	11,780	42,325	21,186	21,139	45,335	22,492	22,843	90.7	7.1	8.5
35 - 39	22,735	11,326	11,409	32,371	16,283	16,088	39,753	19,771	19,982	74.9	22.8	7.4
40 - 44	23,993	11,743	12,250	25,023	12,511	12,512	31,095	15,493	15,602	29.6	24.3	5.8
45 - 49	23,793	11,521	12,272	23,618	11,769	11,849	25,310	12,659	12,651	6.4	7.2	4.7
50 - 54	22,544	10,944	11,600	24,156	11,788	12,368	23,084	11,360	11,724	2.4	- 4.4	4.3
55 - 59	20,620	9,916	10,704	23,502	11,143	12,359	23,642	11,350	12,292	14.7	0.6	4.4
60 - 64	18,994	9,076	9,918	21,023	9,803	11,220	22,558	10,513	12,045	18.8	7.3	4.2
65 - 69	15,674	7,048	8,626	18,580	8,499	10,081	19,160	8,752	10,408	22.2	3.1	3.6
70 - 74	12,727	5,361	7,366	15,193	6,342	8,851	16,300	6,792	9,508	28.1	7.3	3.0
75+	19,135	7,015	12,120	24,393	8,315	16,078	26,920	9,104	17,816	40.7	10.4	5.0
TOTAL	444,732	217,362	227,370	511,456	249,080	262,376	535,000	260,174	274,826	20.3	4.6	100.0

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health

TABLE 5
POPULATION OF VERMONT COUNTIES
1970, 1980, ESTIMATED 1985

AREA	1970 1/	1980 1/	ESTIMATED 1985 2/	% CHANGE EST. 1970-1985	% CHANGE EST. 1980-1985
VERMONT	444,732	511,456	535,000	20.3	4.6
Addison County	24,266	29,406	31,078	28.1	5.7
Bennington County	29,282	33,345	34,832	19.0	4.5
Caledonia County	22,789	25,808	26,552	16.5	2.9
Chittenden County	99,131	115,534	123,078	24.2	6.5
Essex County	5,416	6,313	6,607	22.0	4.7
Franklin County	31,282	34,788	36,473	16.6	4.8
Grand Isle County	3,574	4,613	5,040	41.0	9.3
Lamoille County	13,309	16,767	17,776	33.6	6.0
Orange County	17,676	22,739	23,930	35.4	5.2
Orleans County	20.153	23,440	23,985	19.0	2.3
Rutland County	52,637	58,347	59,644	13.3	2.2
Washington County	47,659	52,393	53,960	13.2	3.0
Windham County	33,476	36,933	39,000	16.5	5.6
Windsor County	44,082	51,030	53,045	20.3	3.9

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health.

TABLE 5A
PRELIMINARY ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF VERMONT COUNTIES, 1985
BY AGE AND SEX

TOTAL 1/	ADDIS.	BENN.	CALED.	CHITT.	ESSEX	FRANK.	G.ISLE	LAMOI.	ORANGE	ORLEA.	RUTL.	WASH.	WINDH.	WINDS.	STATE
TOTAL	31078	34832	26552	123078	6607	36473	5040	17776	23930	23985	59644	53960	39000	53045	535000
UND 1	484	533	399	1841	83	633	83	285	368	370	833	791	634	740	8077
1-4	1975	2028	1688	6738	415	2615	353	1140	1595	1624	3342	3229	2374	3022	32138
5-9	2202	2340	1964	7940	472	2971	369	1246	1781	1887	3965	3651	2675	3448	36911
10-14	2423	2564	2024	8796	500	3204	371	1318	1827	2030	4340	3967	2748	3804	39916
15-17	1444	1620	1277	5659	320	1927	229	798	1117	1244	2801	2486	1727	2415	25064
18-19	1719	1106	961	7044	175	1067	131	690	798	688	2153	1929	999	1251	20711
20-24	3348	2973	2129	15552	492	2792	363	1679	1925	1751	5033	4807	3025	3979	49848
25-29	2723	2878	2236	12469	574	3245	462	1712	2236	2034	5342	4746	3741	4819	49217
30-34	2545	2713	2185	11074	534	2874	440	1643	2055	1865	4905	4619	3432	4457	45341
35-39	2292	2426	1904	9452	477	2582	378	1349	1824	1721	4342	3957	2971	4080	39755
40-44	1803	1994	1503	7227	379	1989	309	1125	1360	1305	3352	3268	2344	3139	31097
45-49	1365	1696	1204	5811	334	1698	243	795	1150	1088	2838	2610	1825	2652	25309
50-54	1242	1659	1177	4950	313	1560	234	713	985	1052	2635	2393	1734	2434	23081
55-59	1230	1657	1231	4767	346	1606	233	689	1041	1118	2822	2412	1793	2692	23637
60-64	1169	1665	1228	3918	337	1533	245	668	1012	1127	2847	2326	1802	2673	22550
65-69	976	1478	1072	3126	267	1294	190	593	880	918	2441	2036	1512	2371	19154
70-74	836	1278	894	2548	242	1050	170	509	763	811	2140	1750	1368	1934	16293
75-79	602	1022	694	1879	164	838	115	392	570	600	1541	1374	1026	1457	12274
80-84	381	650	431	1240	115	538	73	249	354	414	1031	865	695	869	7905
85 UP	320	553	351	1049	66	455	48	185	289	337	943	745	576	809	6726
UND18	8528	9084	7352	30973	1791	11351	1406	4787	6688	7156	15281	14123	10157	13429	142106
18-64	19435	20766	15758	82263	3962	20947	3038	11063	14386	13749	36268	33067	23667	32177	330546
65 UP	3115	4981	3442	9841	854	4175	596	1927	2855	3080	8096	6770	5175	7440	62347

1/ Columns may not add to Total due to rounding.

Source: Vermont Department of Health, March 1986

TABLE 5B
PRELIMINARY ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF VERMONT COUNTIES, 1985
BY AGE AND SEX

FEMALE 1/	ADDIS.	BENN.	CALED.	CHITT.	ESSEX	FRANK.	G.ISLE	LAMOI.	ORANGE	ORLEA.	RUTL.	WASH.	WINDH.	WINDS.	STATE
TOTAL	15625	18042	13541	63269	3333	18738	2570	9046	11916	12257	31165	27975	20354	27062	274893
UND 1	227	257	196	925	42	320	45	135	173	172	437	359	294	352	4876
1-4	940	990	819	3249	208	1262	167	580	781	795	1608	1593	1150	1483	15825
5-9	1063	1137	962	3863	229	1462	199	610	836	922	1954	1743	1288	1661	18038
10-14	1186	1240	964	4297	245	1571	181	637	855	986	2124	1935	1317	1842	18771
15-17	701	782	622	2727	156	962	119	387	536	611	1397	1223	848	1166	12237
18-19	850	609	475	3971	72	497	71	346	302	317	1210	897	517	617	10751
20-24	1664	1562	1031	7957	256	1469	194	831	876	904	2676	2283	1595	1965	25263
25-29	1338	1466	1124	6221	285	1643	230	850	1150	1036	2695	2492	1949	2416	24895
30-34	1272	1344	1099	5548	272	1448	213	811	1020	962	2498	2368	1768	2229	22852
35-39	1121	1264	934	4785	233	1298	187	668	930	841	2155	2032	1532	2008	19988
40-44	917	1009	758	3600	182	971	154	562	686	649	1697	1643	1178	1601	15607
45-49	666	869	614	2877	171	858	120	390	553	535	1408	1340	926	1324	12651
50-54	641	868	602	2493	153	787	123	360	515	533	1349	1209	882	1210	11725
55-59	619	865	654	2438	182	834	119	361	533	575	1473	1297	940	1402	12292
60-64	628	867	662	2153	172	811	124	355	530	584	1533	1260	966	1398	12043
65-69	502	808	572	1729	143	700	91	305	476	498	1341	1154	836	1252	10407
70-74	486	704	505	1562	129	604	93	295	414	459	1252	1077	833	1094	9507
75-79	351	607	403	1183	91	535	60	238	333	360	949	878	623	865	7476
80-84	232	418	288	869	67	259	46	178	218	269	705	616	479	553	5197
85 UP	223	375	258	821	43	347	34	147	201	249	705	576	434	624	5037
UND18	4116	4406	3563	15061	879	5578	711	2348	3181	3486	7520	6852	4897	6506	69104
18-64	9715	10723	7953	42044	1979	10616	1535	5536	7094	6936	18695	16822	12252	16170	168070
65 UP	1794	2913	2025	6164	474	2545	324	1162	1642	1835	4950	4301	3205	4388	37722

1/ Columns may not add to Total due to rounding.

Source: Vermont Department of Health, March 1986

TABLE 5C
PRELIMINARY ESTIMATES OF THE POPULATION OF VERMONT COUNTIES, 1985
BY AGE AND SEX

MALE 1/	ADDIS.	BENN.	CALED.	CHITT.	ESSEX	FRANK.	G.ISLE	LAMOI.	ORANGE	ORLEA.	RUTL.	WASH.	WINDH.	WINDS.	STATE
TOTAL	15566	16804	13011	59808	3274	17735	2470	8730	12014	11728	28479	25985	18646	25983	260233
UND 1	258	276	202	916	41	312	38	150	195	199	396	432	340	388	4143
1-4	1043	1039	869	3489	208	1354	186	560	814	829	1734	1635	1224	1538	16522
5-9	1147	1205	1002	4077	244	1509	170	636	945	966	2011	1907	1387	1787	18993
10-14	1246	1325	1060	4499	256	1633	191	681	972	1044	2216	2032	1431	1962	20548
15-17	749	838	655	2932	163	965	110	411	581	632	1404	1264	879	1249	12832
18-19	875	497	485	3073	103	569	261	344	497	370	943	1031	482	633	10163
20-24	1697	1412	1098	7595	237	1323	169	848	1050	847	2357	2524	1431	2014	24602
25-29	1395	1413	1112	6248	290	1602	232	862	1086	998	2647	2254	1792	2403	24334
30-34	1282	1371	1087	5525	263	1427	227	831	1034	904	2406	2252	1664	2228	22501
35-39	1179	1163	971	4667	245	1284	191	681	894	879	2186	1924	1440	2072	19776
40-44	893	986	744	3627	197	1018	155	562	675	657	1655	1625	1165	1538	15497
45-49	704	828	590	2934	162	840	123	405	597	553	1429	1270	899	1327	12661
50-54	606	792	575	2457	159	773	111	352	471	519	1286	1183	852	1225	11361
55-59	616	793	577	2329	163	772	114	328	508	543	1350	1115	853	1290	11351
60-64	545	799	566	1765	164	722	121	313	483	543	1313	1066	536	1275	10211
65-69	477	671	500	1396	123	594	99	288	404	420	1100	882	675	1119	8748
70-74	353	574	390	986	112	447	77	213	349	352	888	674	535	840	6790
75-79	253	415	291	697	73	303	55	154	237	240	593	495	403	592	4801
80-84	150	232	143	371	48	178	27	71	136	145	326	249	216	316	2608
85 UP	98	178	94	227	23	108	14	38	87	88	238	169	142	185	1689
UND18	4443	4682	3789	15912	911	5773	695	2438	3508	3670	7760	7271	5260	6924	73036
18-64	9792	10052	7805	40219	1983	10331	1503	5527	7293	6813	17573	16245	11415	16007	162558
65 UP	1332	2071	1417	3677	380	1631	272	764	1213	1245	3145	2469	1970	3052	24638

1/ Columns may not add to Total due to rounding.

Source: Vermont Department of Health, March 1986

TABLE 6
POPULATION OF VERMONT LABOR MARKET AREAS
1970, 1980, Estimated 1985

AREA	1970 1/	1980 1/	ESTIMATED 1985 2/ *	% CHANGE EST. 1970-1985	% CHANGE EST. 1980-1985
VERMONT	444,732	511,456	535,000	20.3	4.6
Barre-Montpelier	64,157	73,040	77,446	20.7	6.0
Bennington	29,282	33,345	34,832	19.0	4.5
Brattleboro	24,265	26,315	27,880	14.9	5.9
Burlington	100,808	117,960	122,899	21.9	4.2
Middlebury	23,728	28,784	30,396	28.1	5.6
Morrisville	13,309	16,767	17,776	33.6	6.0
Newport	23,058	26,782	27,471	19.1	2.6
Rutland	52,637	58,347	59,644	13.3	2.2
St. Albans	33,178	36,975	39,618	19.4	7.1
St. Johnsbury	23,805	27,112	27,915	17.3	3.0
Springfield	33,621	36,554	37,443	11.4	2.4
White River Jct.	22,884	29,475	31,681	38.4	7.5

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.
2/ Vermont Department of Health.

NOTE: * Changes in some Labor Market Areas were made as mandated by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census for the designation of the Burlington Metropolitan Statistical Area.

TABLE 7
PER CAPITA INCOME, ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES IN COVERED EMPLOYMENT
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS AND THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX
1970-1985

	VERMONT				U.S.			
Year	Per Capita Income	% Change	Annual Averages Wages	% Change	Average Hourly Earnings	% Change	Consumer Price Index	% Change
1970	$ 3,530	-	$ 6,685	-	$2.93	-	116.3	-
1971	3,722	5.4	6,979	4.4	3.12	6.5	121.3	4.3
1972	3,947	6.0	6,949	-.4	3.28	5.1	125.3	3.3
1973	4,291	8.7	7,301	5.1	3.50	6.7	133.1	6.2
1974	4,593	7.0	7,747	6.1	3.78	8.0	147.1	11.0
1975	4,901	6.7	8,167	5.4	4.07	7.7	161.2	9.1
1976	5,362	9.4	8,727	6.9	4.40	8.1	170.5	5.8
1977	5,752	7.3	9,199	5.4	4.70	6.8	181.5	6.5
1978	6,468	12.4	9,936	8.0	5.10	8.5	195.4	7.7
1979	7,118	10.0	10,829	9.0	5.53	8.4	217.4	11.3
1980	7,833	10.0	11,840	9.3	6.14	11.0	246.8	13.5
1981	8,882	13.4	12,792	8.0	6.79	10.6	272.3	10.3
1982	9,478	6.7	13,585	6.2	7.35	8.2	289.1	6.2
1983	10,036	5.9	14,469	6.1	7.66	4.2	298.4	3.2
1984	10,692	6.5	15,213	5.1	8.03	4.8	311.1	4.3
1985	11,599	7.1	15,767*	3.6	8.41	5.0	322.2	3.6

* Subject to revision.

Income, Wages, Earnings and the Consumer Price Index

The information for the table above came from a variety of sources. Per capita income figures are produced by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (April, 1986). Per capita income is calculated by dividing total personal income by population. Fluctuations in population and/or personal income can affect per capita income. Nonetheless, per capita income is regarded as an indicator of economic well-being.

The annual average wages are drawn from unemployment compensation tax reports filed by Vermont's private sector employers. Total wages are divided by annual average employment. The total wages include overtime wages, commissions and bonuses. Employment includes full-time and part-time employees.

TABLE 7A
Per Capita Disposable Personal Income

YEAR	VT	VT % Change	US	US % Change	YEAR	VT	VT % Change	US	US % Change
1948	$ 1,090	--	$1,278	—	1967	2,457	5.8	2,747	5.6
1949	1,039	- 4.7	1,255	- 1.8	1968	2,637	7.3	2,947	7.3
1950	1,072	3.2	1,357	8.1	1969	2,788	5.7	3,144	6.7
1951	1,198	11.8	1,460	7.6	1970	2,992	7.3	3,382	7.6
1952	1,224	2.2	1,511	3.5	1971	3,235	8.1	3,608	6.7
1953	1,273	4.0	1,578	4.4	1972	3,332	3.0	3,846	6.6
1954	1,306	2.6	1,580	0.1	1973	3,675	10.3	4,302	11.9
1955	1,349	3.3	1,658	4.9	1974	3,955	7.6	4,655	8.2
1956	1,440	6.8	1,737	4.8	1975	4,247	7.4	5,063	8.8
1957	1,499	4.1	1,797	3.5	1976	4,677	10.1	5,468	8.0
1958	1,501	0.1	1,820	1.3	1977	4,973	6.3	5,957	8.9
1959	1,588	5.8	1,900	4.4	1978	5,695	14.5	6,611	10.9
1960	1,663	4.7	1,938	2.0	1979	6,259	9.9	7,314	10.6
1961	1,715	3.1	1,981	2.2	1980	6,817	8.9	8,016	9.6
1962	1,780	3.8	2,065	4.2	1981	7,708	13.1	8,859	10.5
1963	1,801	1.2	2,135	3.4	1982	8,189	6.2	9,374	5.8
1964	1,930	7.2	2,286	7.1	1983	8,614	5.2	9,962	6.3
1965	2,117	9.7	2,438	6.7	1984	9,328	8.3	10,951	9.9
1966	2,323	9.7	2,602	6.7	1985	9,945	6.6	11,421	4.3

Department of Employment & Training
Office of Labor Market Information
August 1986

Source: US Department of Commerce
Bureau of Economic Analysis

Income, Wages, Earnings and Consumer Price Index (cont'd)

The average hourly earnings figures are for production workers in manufacturing. Wages are gross wage figures, before deductions, and do not include bonuses (unless paid regularly), or retroactive pay. Hours include, in addition to straight time, those for overtime, vacations, holidays, and sick leave. The annual average wage, as well as the average hourly earnings figures, are compiled by the Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

The United States Consumer Price Index is produced by the United States Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. It is the index for all urban consumers (CPI-U). The index figures presented are annual averages of the United States city average, where 1967 is the index base year (1967=100).

State and County Wages and Income

The table below provides Vermont state and county data. Annual average wage figures are compiled by the Vermont Department of Employment and Training. Per capita income figures are compiled by the United States Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. The Bureau will not issue 1985 Per Capita Income Wage data by county until April 1988. The 1984 data will be used until that time. Annual average wage figures are based on employment. Per capita income figures are based on population. Whereas wage figures are derived from earned income, per capita income figures include earned income as well as income from all other sources (interest income, rent income, transfer payments, etc.)

TABLE 8
ANNUAL AVERAGE WAGES AND
PER CAPITA INCOME BY COUNTY FOR VERMONT
1985

COUNTY	Annual Average Wages in Covered Employment in 1985 (Private)	Per Capita Income 1984
Vermont	$15,767	$10,828
Addison	15,096	9,208
Bennington	13,171	11,281
Caledonia	14,684	9,238
Chittenden	18,510	12,125
Essex	16,061	8,454
Franklin	14,420	9,814
Grand Isle	9,821	9,909
Lamoille	11,881	10,247
Orange	12,786	9,147
Orleans	12,912	8,279
Rutland	15,543	11,165
Washington	14,767	11,492
Windham	15,284	11,155
Windsor	14,812	11,182

Statewide Employment Trends

Nonagricultural wage and salary employment averaged 223,550 jobs in 1985. This represented an increase of 8,800 jobs over the 1984 average. Employment in manufacturing increased 400 jobs, while nonmanufacturing increased 8,400 jobs.

The manufacturing sector averaged 49,400 jobs in 1985. Durable goods employment increased 250 jobs (0.7 percent). The increase was spread throughout the durable goods industries except for nonelectrical machinery which dropped 450 jobs and lumber and wood and fabricated metal products which declined by 50 each in 1985.

Nondurable goods increased by 150 from the previous year with activity in all industries. Printing and publishing increased 150 jobs. Food, paper and rubber and miscellaneous plastics each increased 50 jobs. Apparel decreased 100 jobs and other nondurables decreased 50 jobs.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 8,400 jobs, 5.1 percent above the 1984 figure. Service and miscellaneous increased 1,500 jobs, contract construction increased 2,150 jobs, finance, insurance and real estate increased 650 jobs, government increased 500 jobs (local government +250) and trade increased 3,300 jobs, mainly in retail trade. Transportation and public utilities increased 300 jobs. Mining and quarrying employment declined by 100 jobs.

Between 1980 and 1985, nonagricultural wage and salary employment expanded by 23,450 jobs, an 11.7 percent increase. All of the growth was registered in the nonmanufacturing sector.

Nonmanufacturing employment increased 24,950 over the five year period. Service and miscellaneous grew by 8,950 jobs, trade increased 9,400, construction gained 4,250 jobs and finance, insurance and real estate increased by 1,950, government decreased 50 jobs and transportation and public utilities gained 650 jobs. Mining and quarrying declined by 250.

Manufacturing decreased 1,500 over this same period. Only food, printing and publishing and other nondurables showed increases.

Table 9, which follows, compares nonagricultural wage and salary employment data for 1980, 1984 and 1985. Figure 1 on page 19 illustrates the employment trend for nonagricultural wage and salary employment in Vermont for the period 1970-1985.

TABLE 9

AVERAGE ESTIMATED NONAGRICULTURAL WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT 1/ IN VERMONT: 1980, 1984, 1985
NUMERICAL CHANGE AND PERCENT CHANGE

INDUSTRIAL CATEGORY	EMPLOYMENT			1980 - 1985		1984 - 1985	
	1980	1984	1985	Numerical Change	Percent Change	Numerical Change	Percent Change
Total	200,100	214,750	223,550	23,450	11.7	8,800	4.1
Manufacturing	50,900	49,000	49,400	- 1,500	- 3.0	400	0.8
Durable Goods	37,050	34,950	35,200	- 1,850	- 5.0	250	0.7
Lumber & Wood Products	3,750	3,750	3,700	- 50	1.3	- 50	- 0.7
Furniture & Fixtures	2,650	1,950	2,050	- 600	- 22.6	100	5.1
Stone, Clay & Glass	2,350	2,150	2,250	- 100	- 4.3	100	4.7
Fabricated Metal Products 2/	3,700	3,750	3,700	0	0	- 50	- 1.3
Machinery, Exc. Elec.	7,300	4,900	4,450	- 3,450	- 47.3	- 450	- 9.2
Electrical Machinery 2/	11,200	13,050	13,300	2,100	18.8	250	1.9
Other 2/ & 3/	6,100	5,400	5,750	- 350	- 5.7	300	5.5
NonDurable Goods	13,850	14,050	14,200	350	2.5	150	1.1
Food	2,350	2,500	2,550	200	8.5	50	2.0
Apparel	1,650	1,650	1,550	- 100	- 6.1	- 100	- 6.1
Paper	2,700	2,600	2,650	- 50	- 1.9	50	1.9
Printing & Publishing	3,900	3,950	4,100	200	5.1	150	3.8
Rubber, Misc. Plastic Prods.	1,600	1,450	1,500	- 100	6.3	50	3.5
Other 4/	1,650	1,900	1,850	200	12.1	- 50	- 2.6
Nonmanufacturing	149,200	165,750	174,150	24,950	16.7	8,400	5.1
Mining & Quarrying	700	550	450	- 250	- 35.7	- 100	- 18.2
Contract Construction	10,100	12,200	14,350	4,250	42.1	2,150	17.6
Transp. & Public Utilities	8,750	9,100	9,400	650	7.4	300	3.3
Trade: Wholesale & Retail	40,750	46,850	50,150	9,400	23.1	3,300	7.0
Fin., Ins. & Real Estate	8,050	9,350	10,000	1,950	24.2	650	7.0
Service & Miscellaneous	43,850	51,300	52,800	8,950	20.4	1,500	2.9
Government	37,000	36,400	36,950	- 50	- 0.1	500	1.4
Federal	4,550	4,500	4,650	100	2.2	150	3.3
State	13,550	13,300	13,450	- 100	- 0.7	150	1.1
Local	18,900	18,600	18,850	- 50	- 0.3	250	1.3

1/ Establishment based data. Based on Current Employment Statistics data.
2/ Data not comparable to figures released prior to January, 1980 due to industrial reclassification.
3/ Includes primary metal products, transportation equipment, professional and scientific instruments, miscellaneous manufacturing.
4/ Includes textiles, chemicals, leather & leather products, petroleum refining and related industries.
Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

VERMONT NONAGRICULTURAL ESTIMATES

WAGE AND SALARY EMPLOYMENT

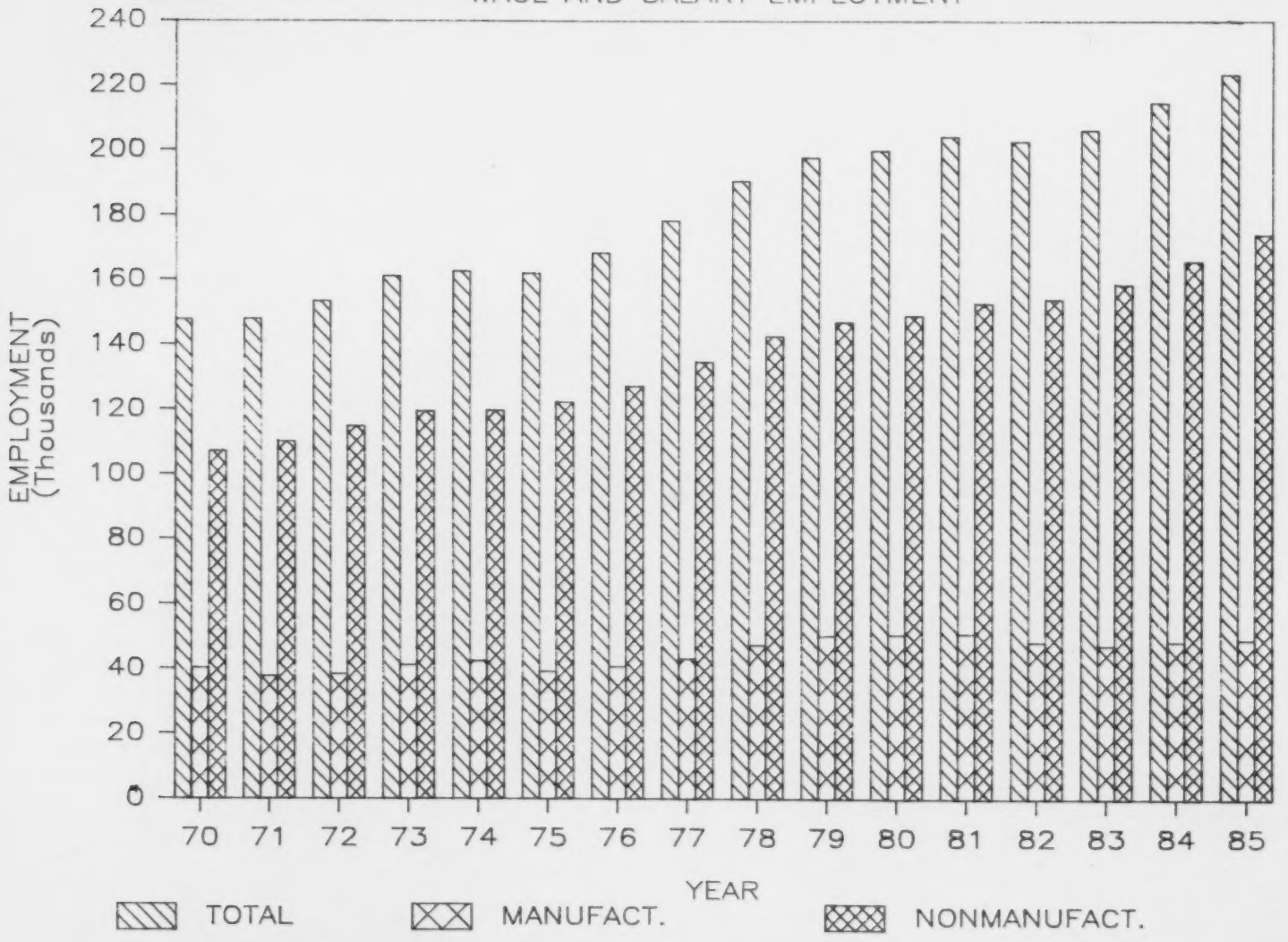


FIGURE 1

1/ Annual Averages

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S Department of Labor.

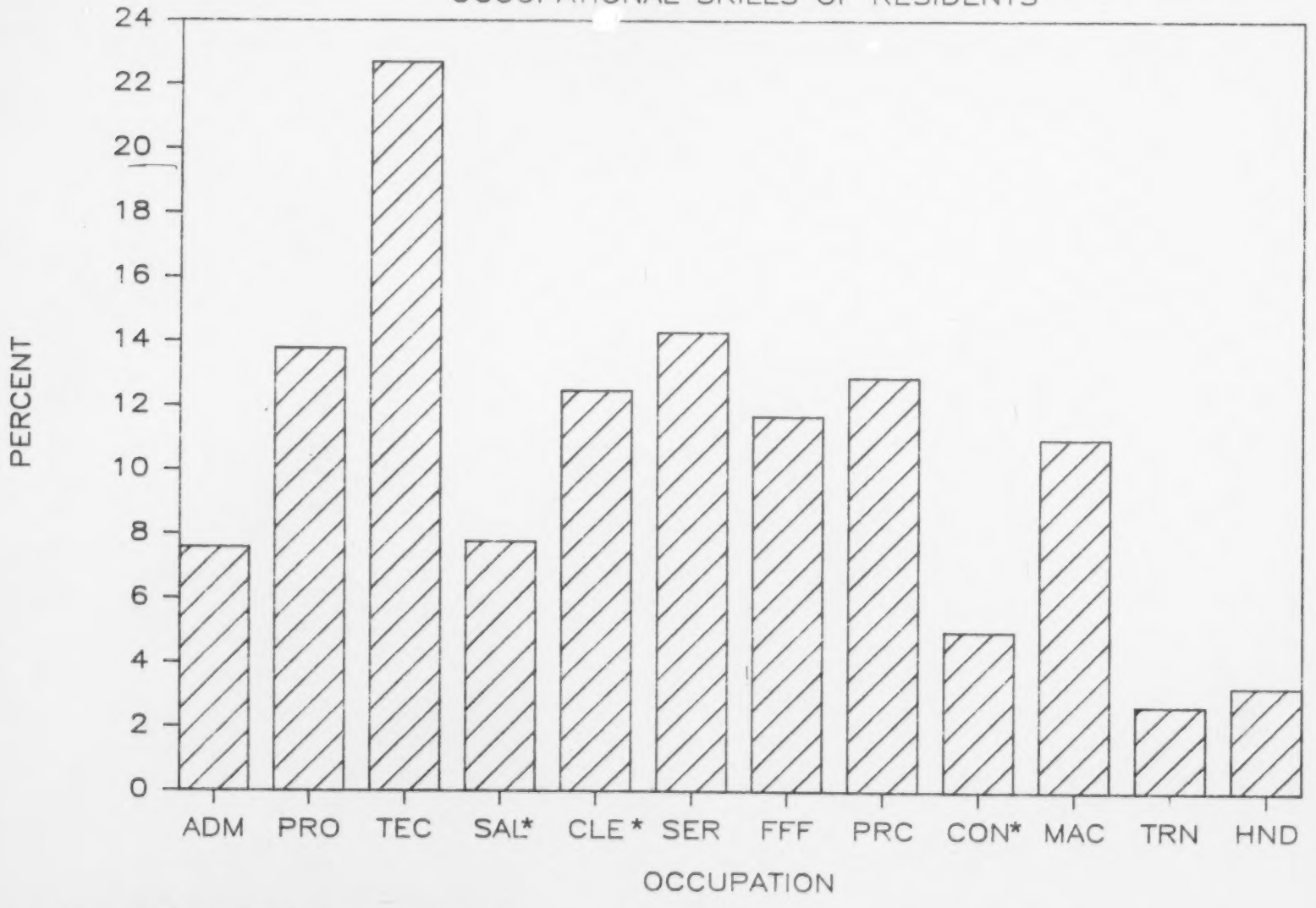
Skills of Residents by County Regardless of Where Employed

The following series of graphs depicts estimates of the occupational skills of Vermont residents by County based on a sample. Care should be taken in interpreting these graphs as there is no correlation between skills by residence and skills by employment location. Following is a glossary defining the occupational skills on each graph:

ADM	Executive, Administrative, Management Operations
PRO	Professional, Specialty Occupations
TEC	Technical & Related Support Occupations
SAL	Sales Occupations
CLE	Administrative Support, including clerical
SER	Service Occupations
FFF	Farming, Forestry and Fishing Occupations
PRC	Precision Production, Crafts & Repair
CON	Construction Trades
MAC	Machine Operators, Assemblers & Inspectors
TRN	Transport & Material Moving Occupations
HND	Handlers, Cleaners, Helpers & Laborers

ADDISON COUNTY

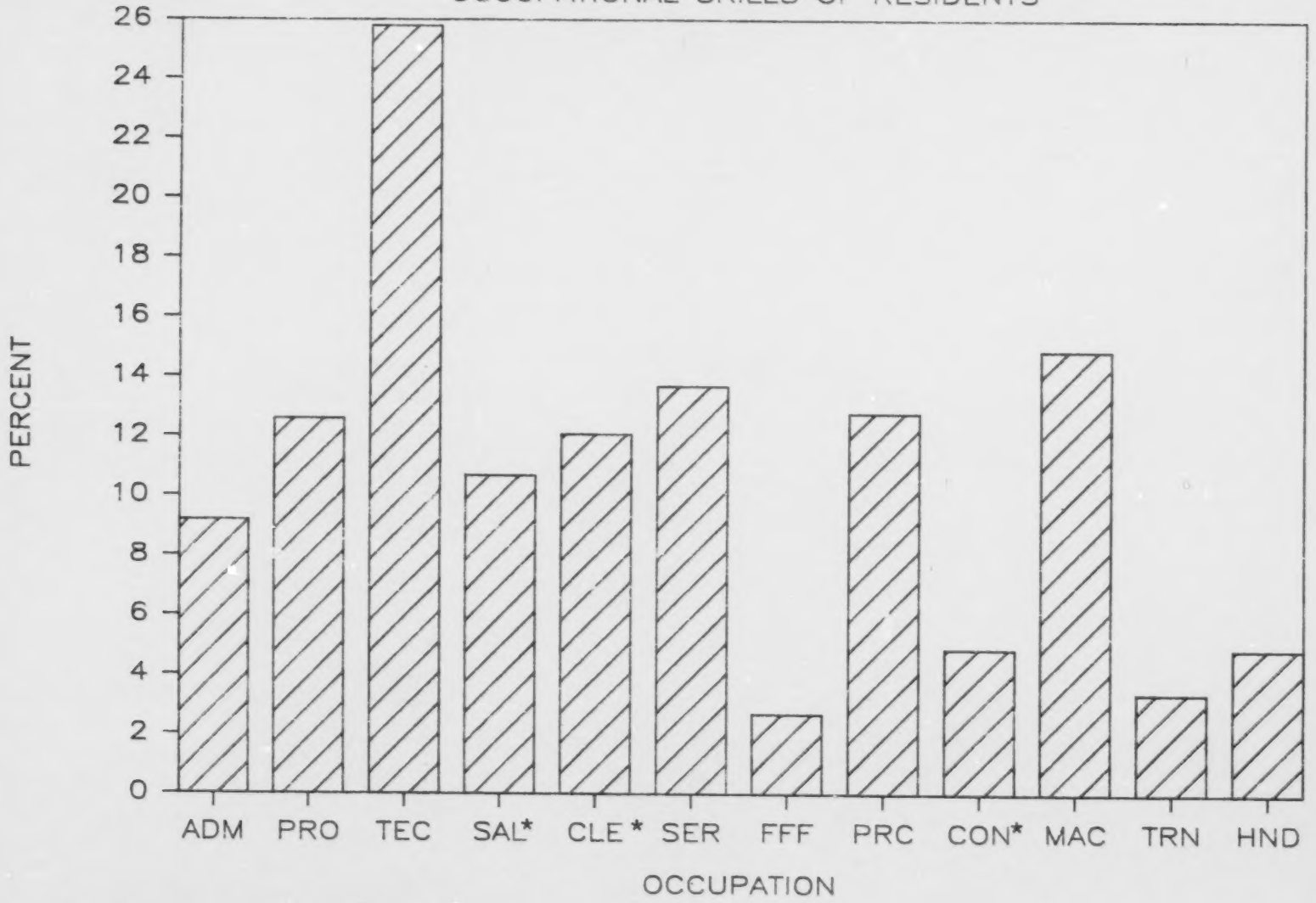
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

BENNINGTON COUNTY

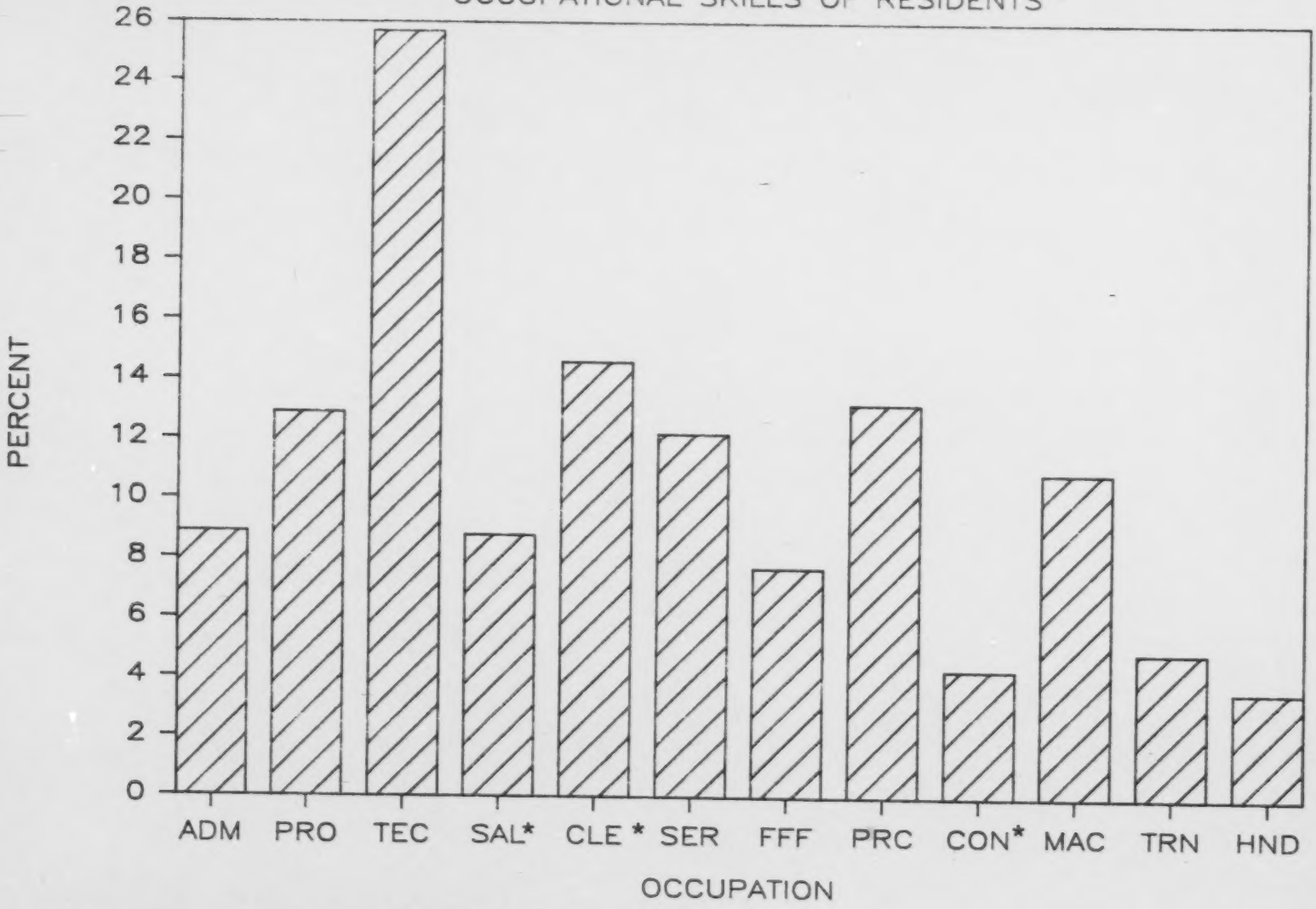
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

CALEDONIA COUNTY

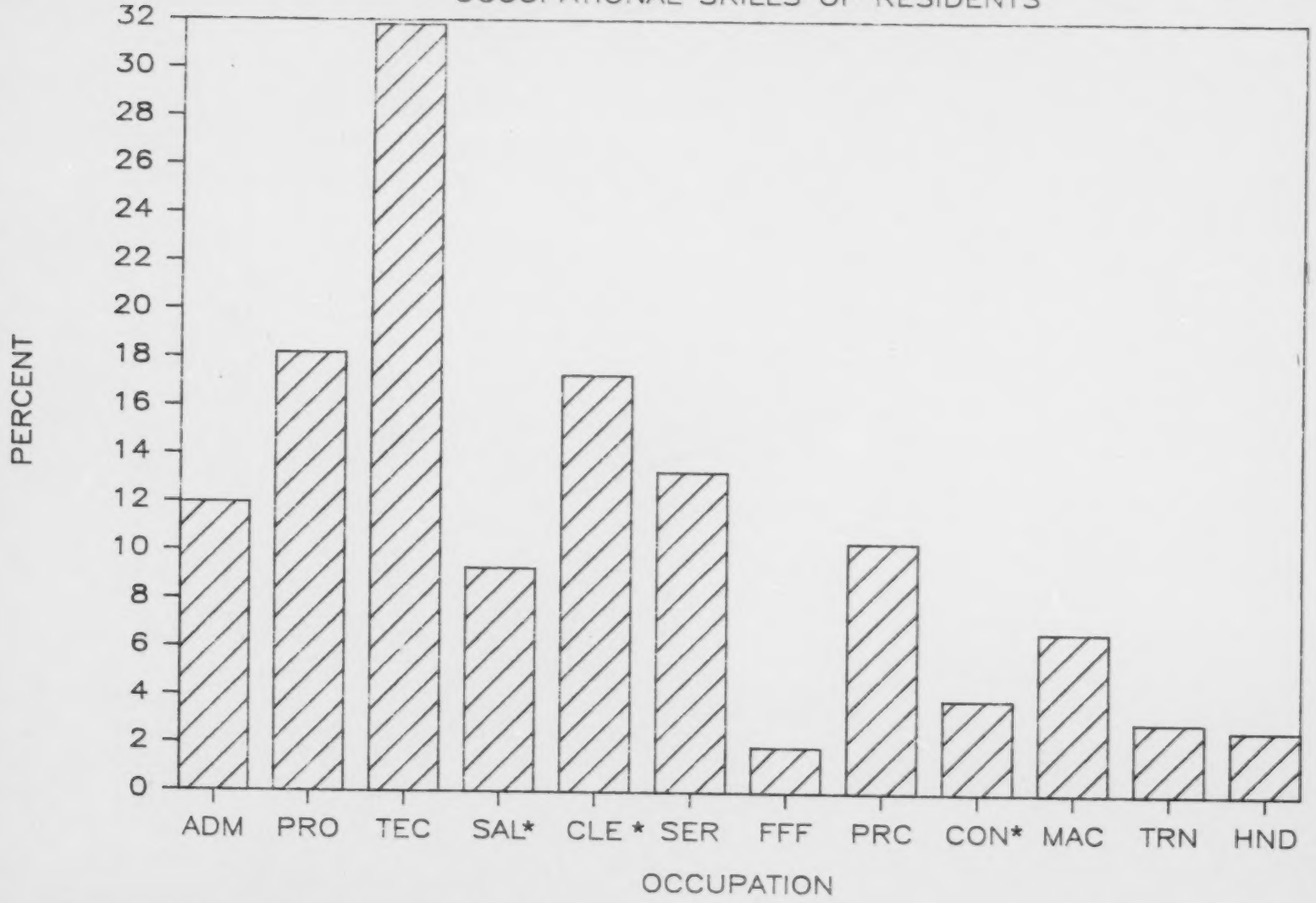
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

CHITTENDEN COUNTY

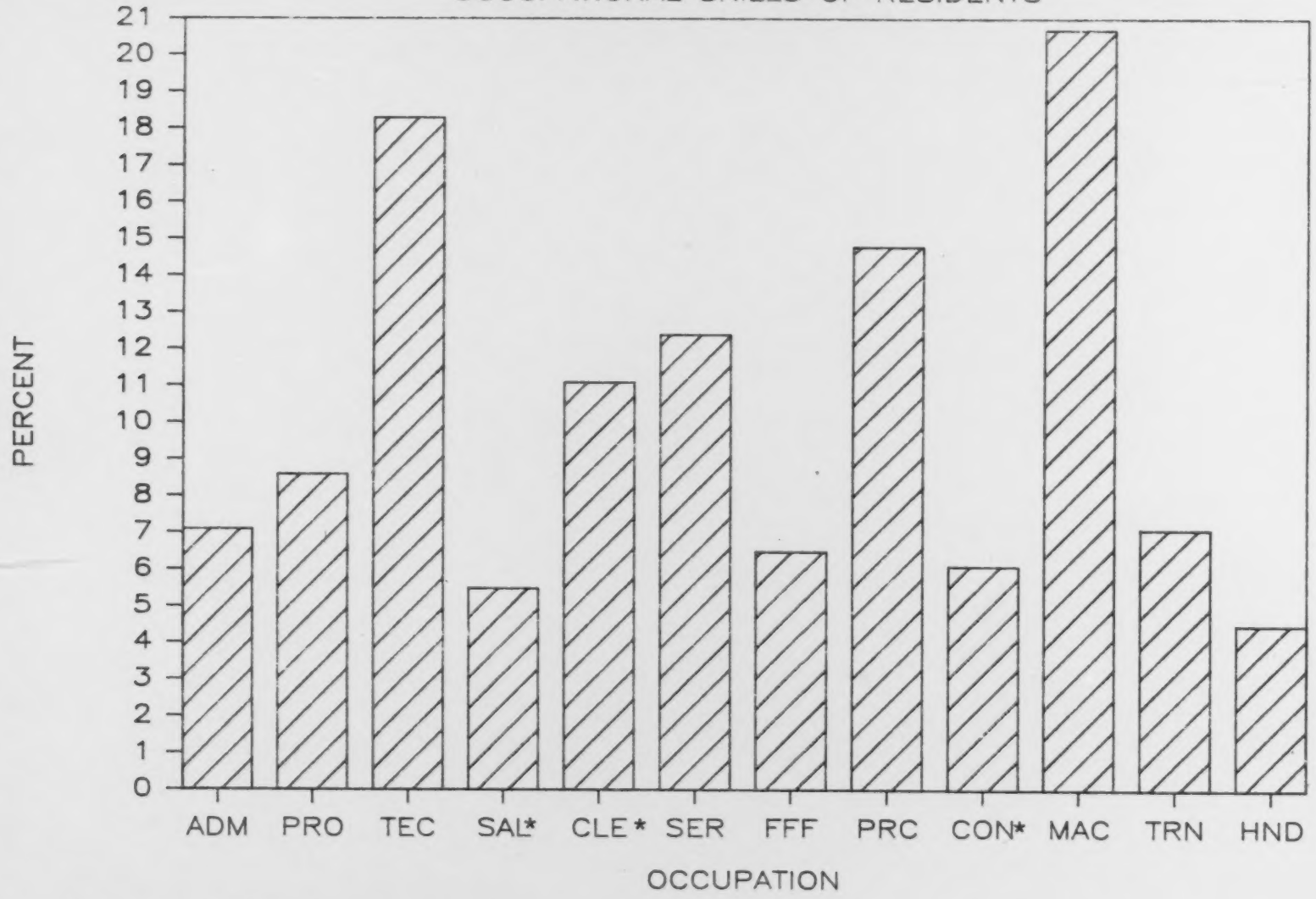
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

ESSEX COUNTY

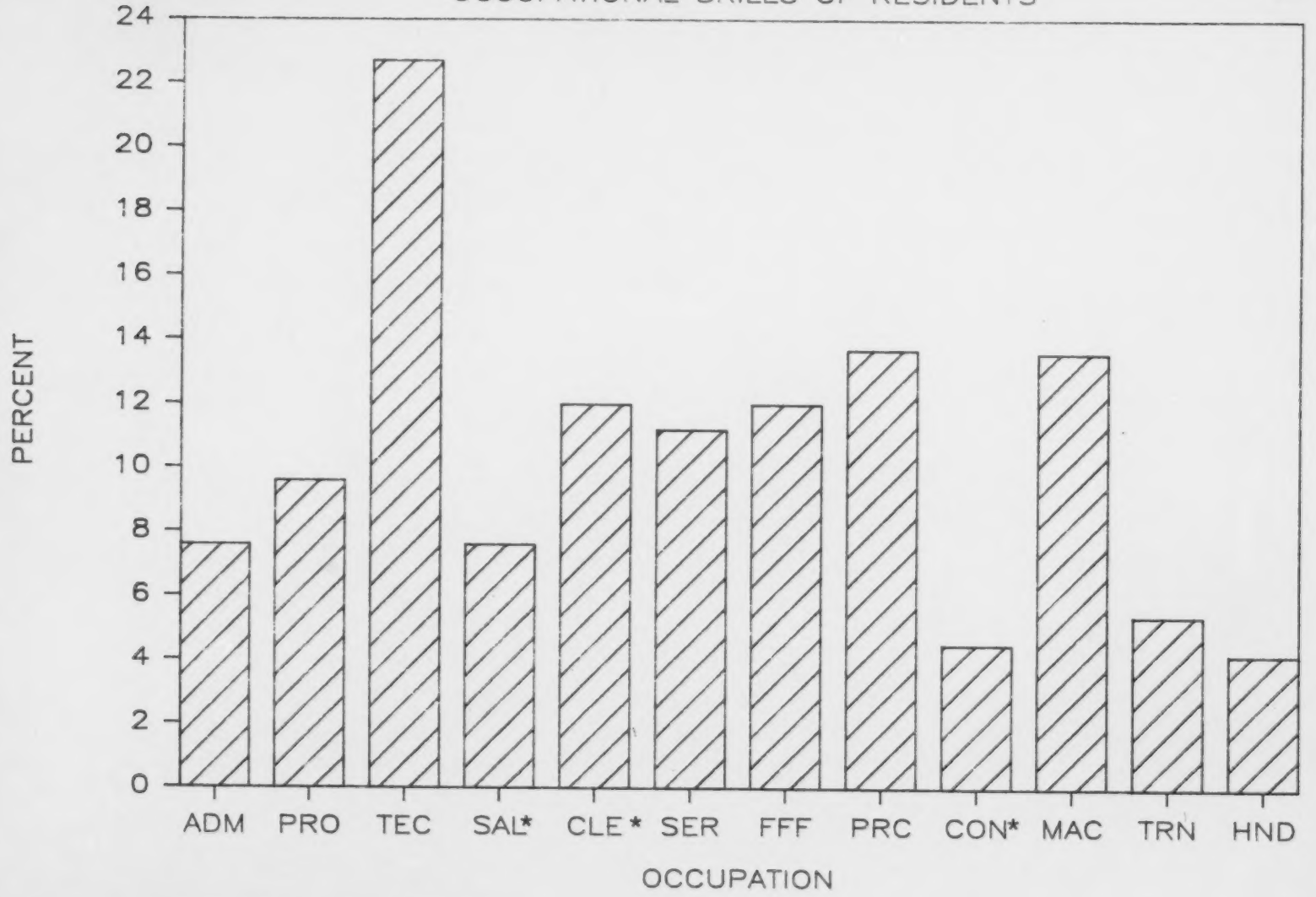
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

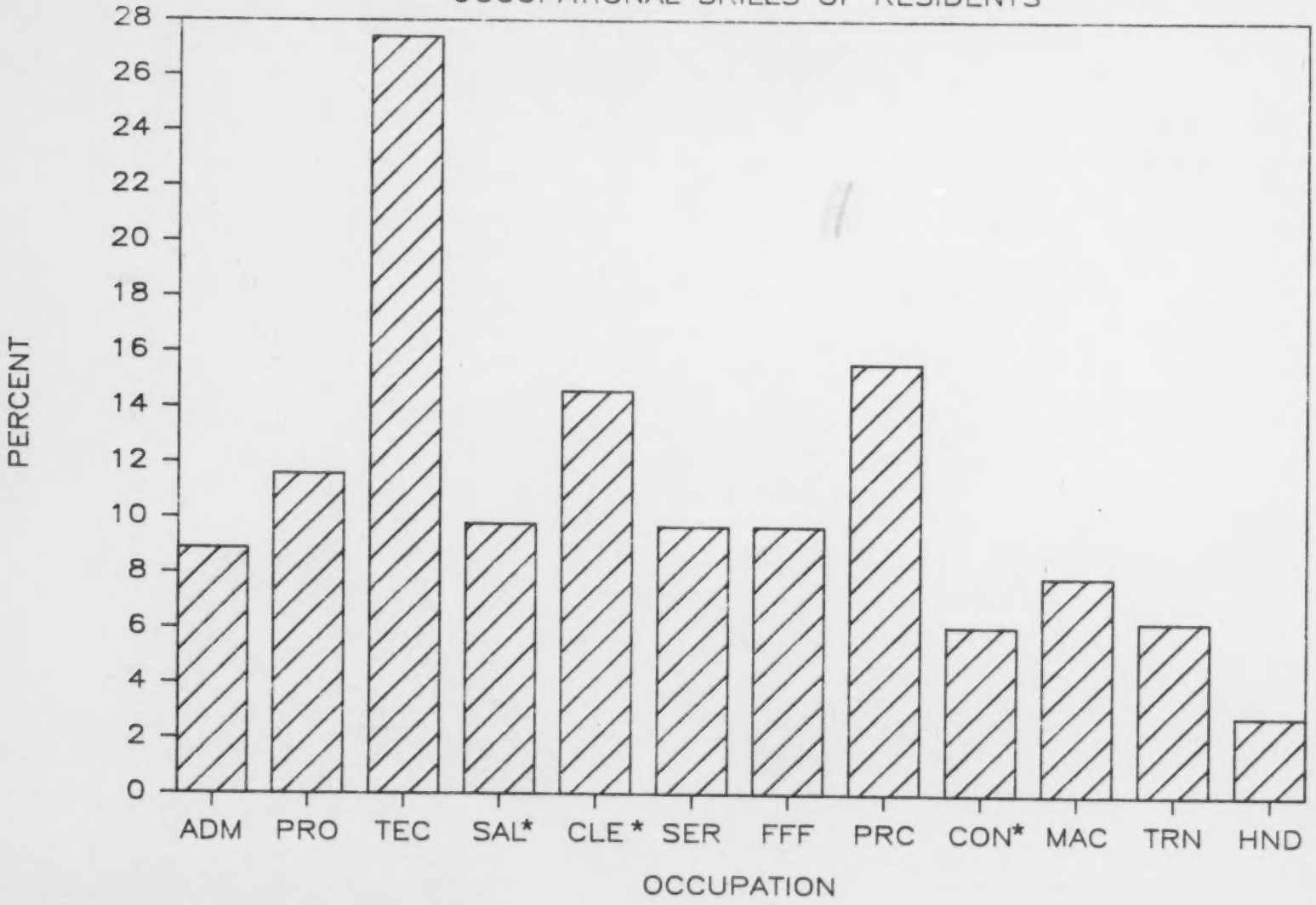
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

GRAND ISLE COUNTY

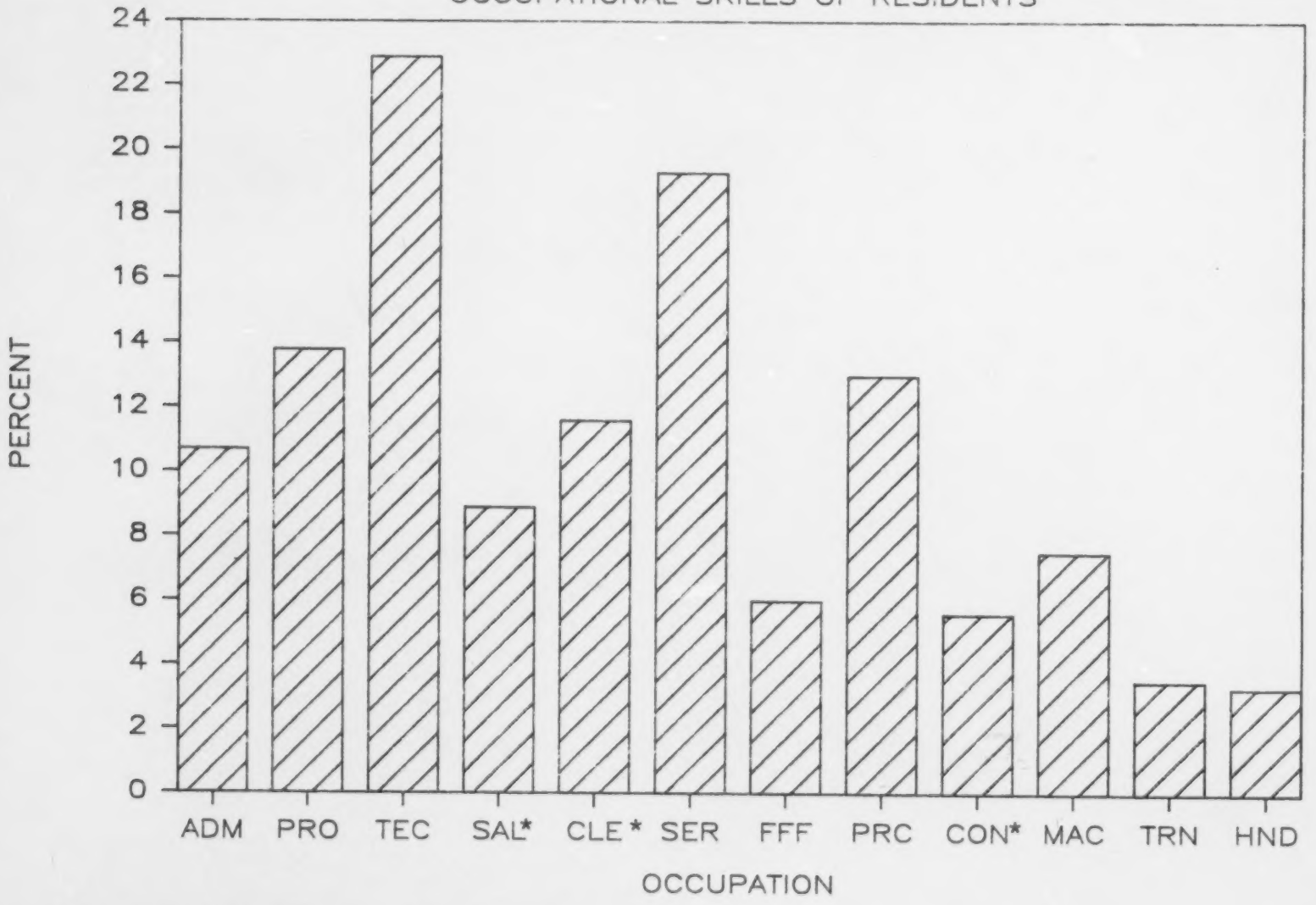
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

LAMOILLE COUNTY

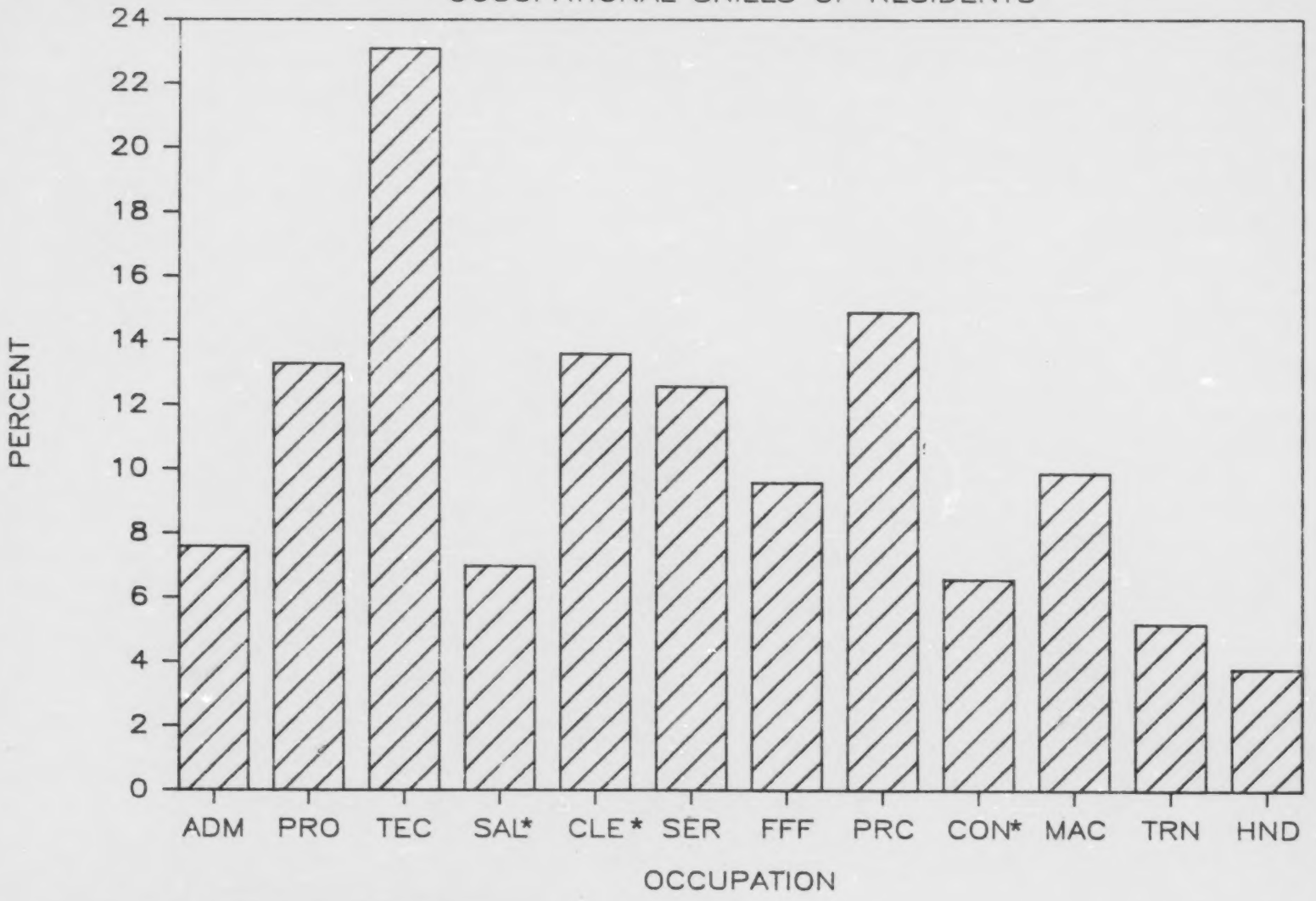
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

ORANGE COUNTY

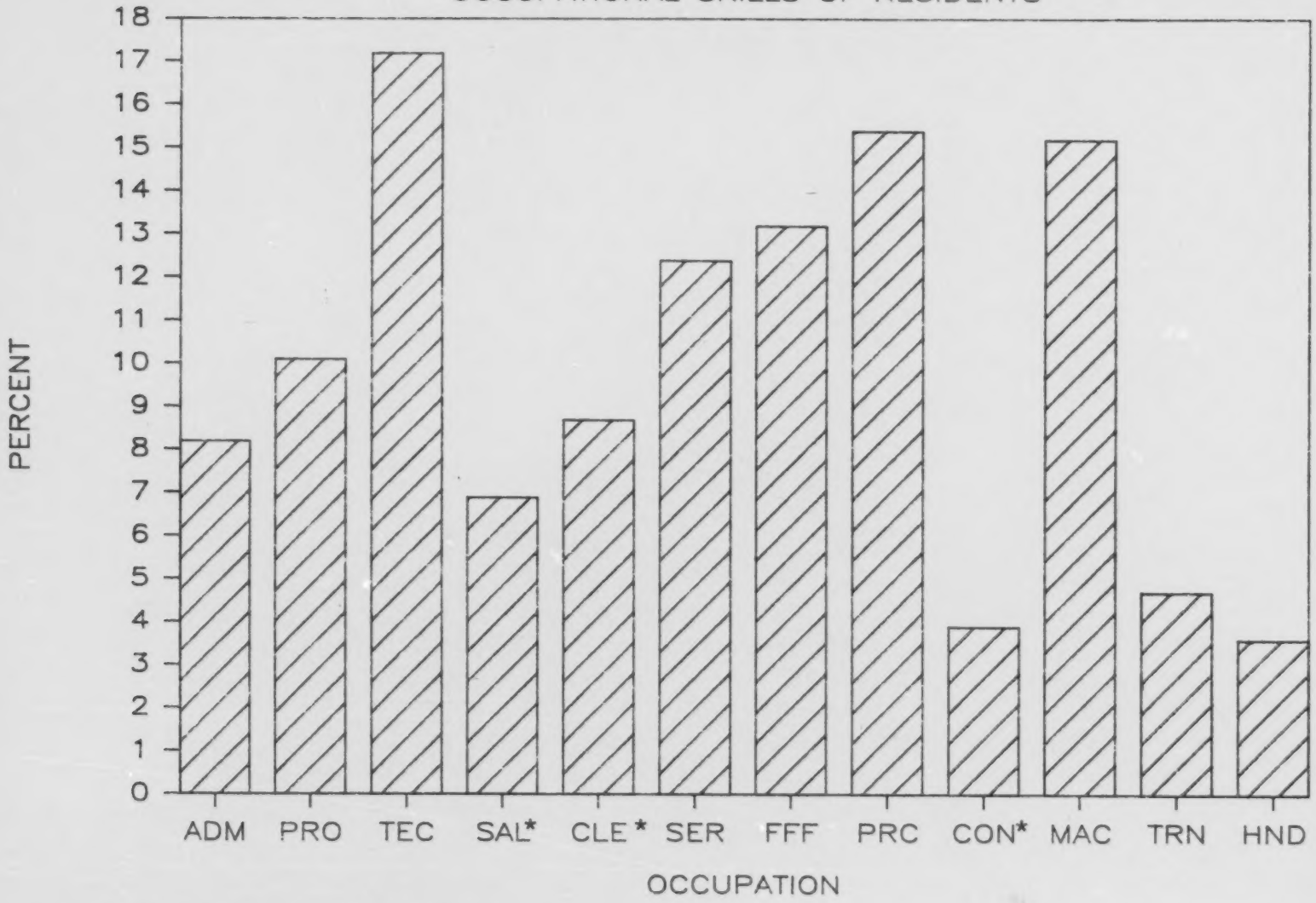
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

ORLEANS COUNTY

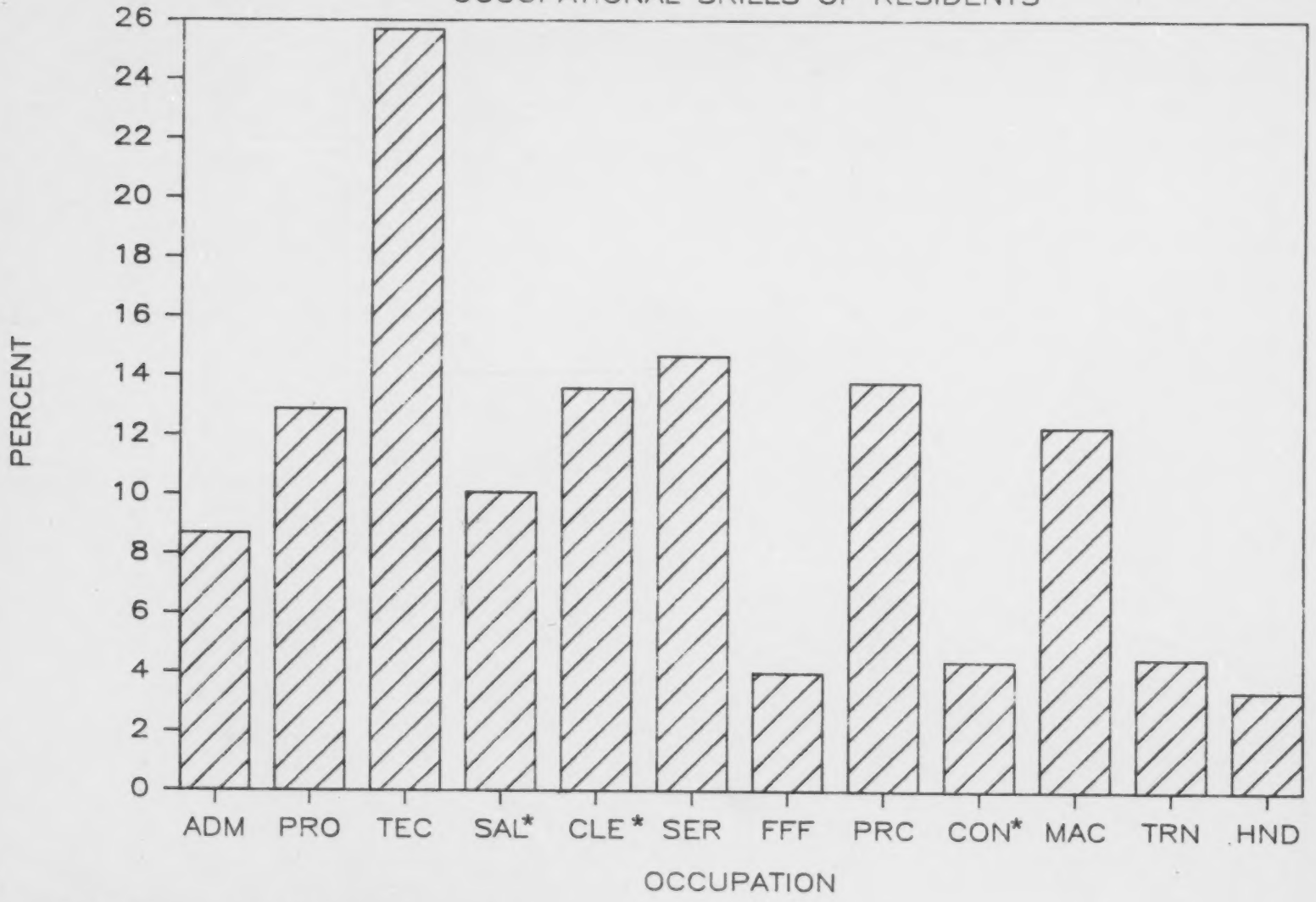
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

RUTLAND COUNTY

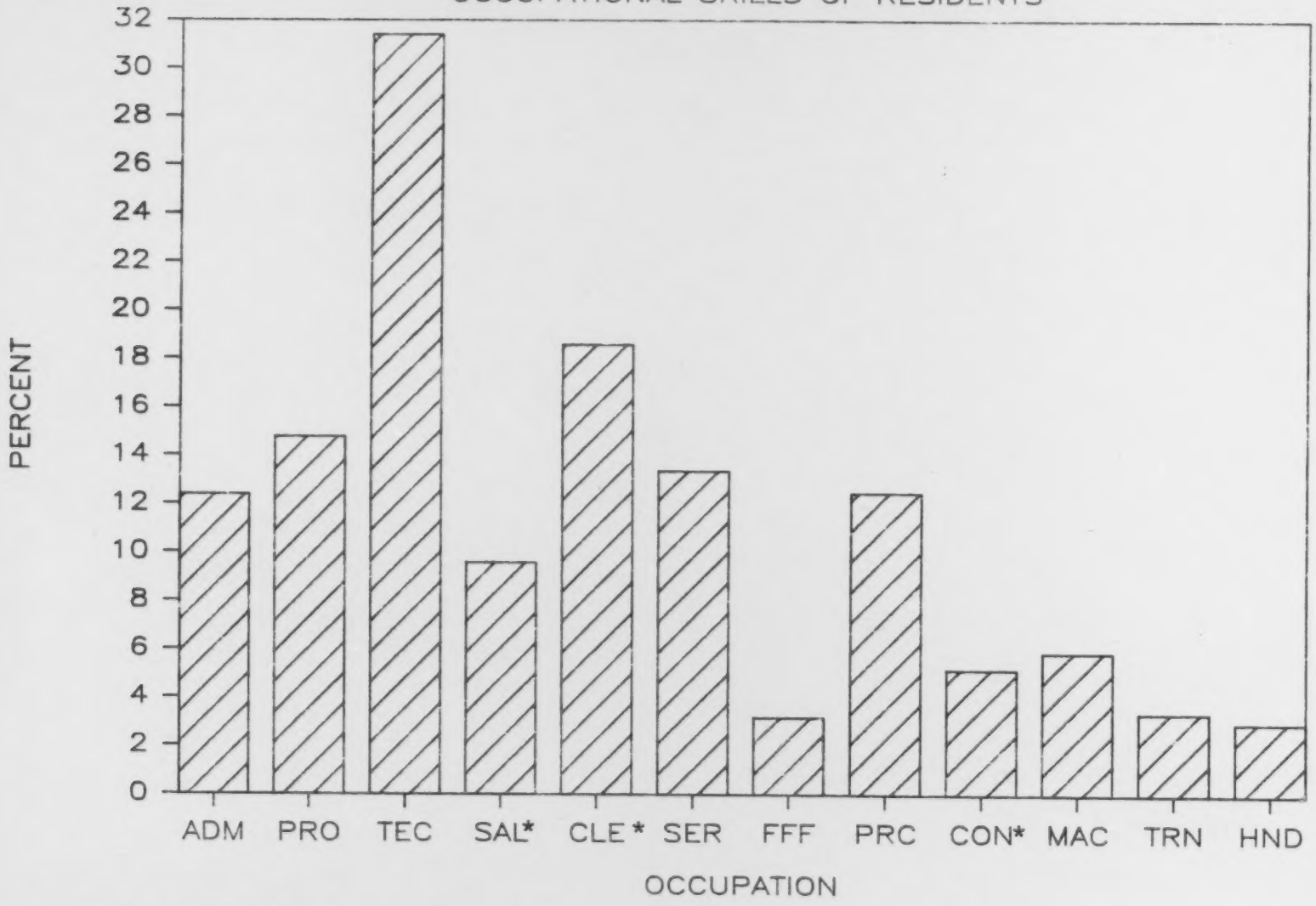
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

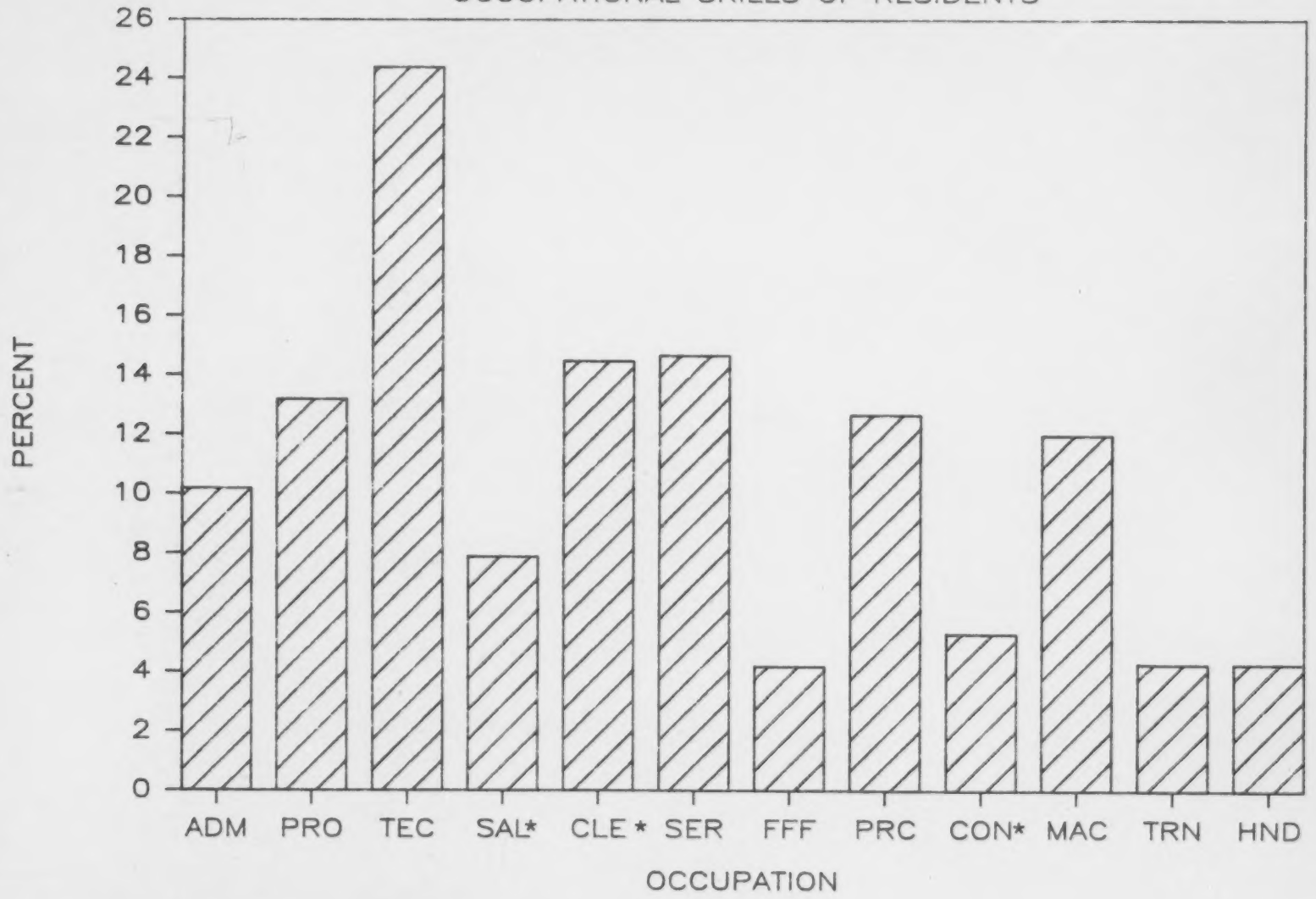
OCCUPAYIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

WINDHAM COUNTY

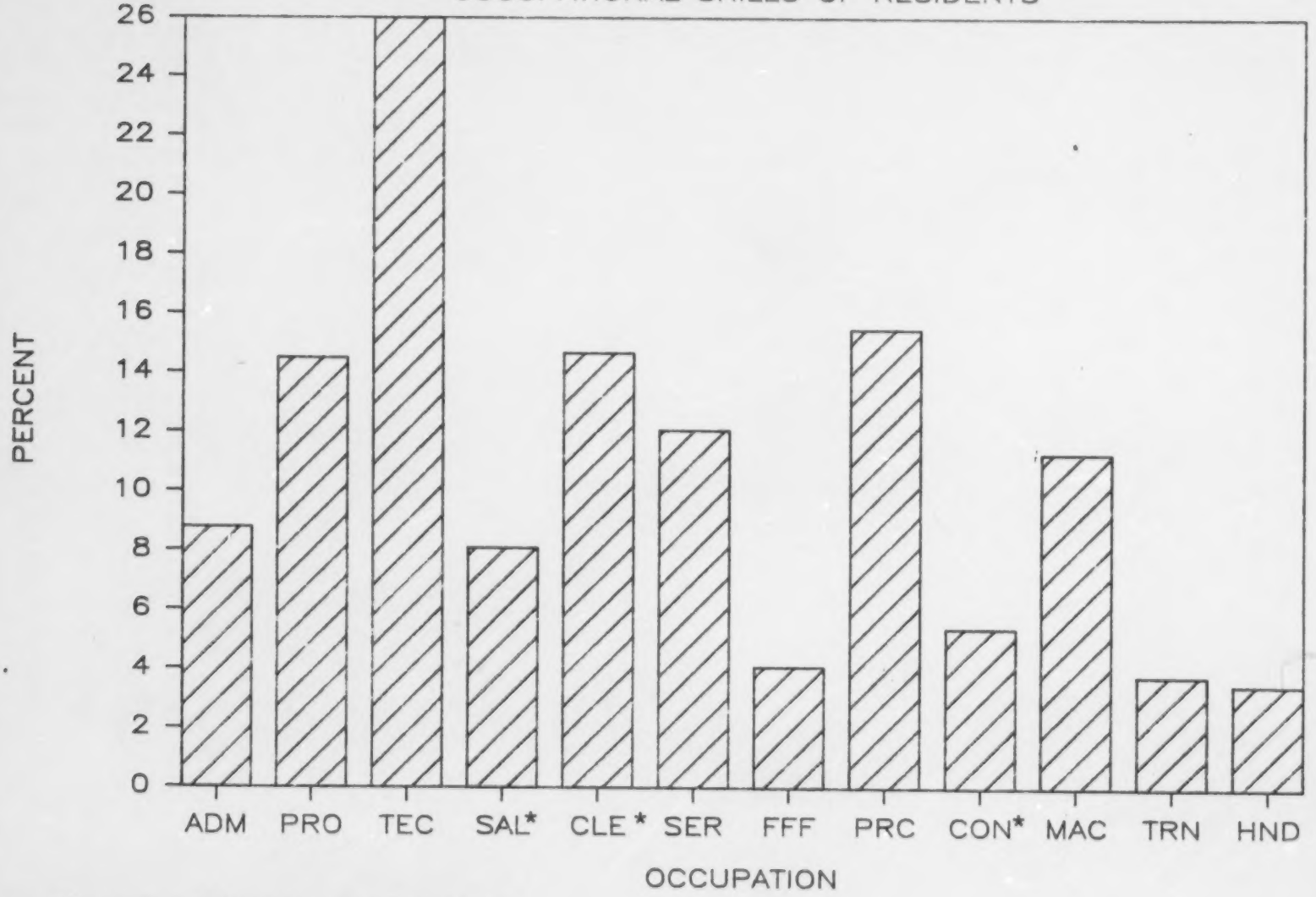
OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

WINDSOR COUNTY

OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS OF RESIDENTS



Data are estimates based on a Sample
* Occupational Subcategories - Nonadditive to 100%
Source: US Census of Population 1980.

Vermont Employment Projections to 1990 by Industry

Table 10 exhibits employment projections by industry to 1990. These projections indicate that total employment is expected to increase by 47,021 or 22.5 percent between 1980 and 1990 reaching 256,468. Services, manufacturing and retail trade will continue to employ the largest number of people and show the most increase through 1990. Government and construction are also expected to provide a moderate number of new jobs. Agricultural production and mining and quarrying will continue to decline. For more detailed information, see the Vermont Employment Projections to 1990; May 1983 edition.

Note: The next edition of employment projections is expected to be released in December 1986.

TABLE 10

EMPLOYMENT IN VERMONT BY INDUSTRY
1980 and 1990

INDUSTRY TITLE	1980 ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT	1990 PROJECTED EMPLOYMENT	CHANGE BETWEEN 1980-1990 AMOUNT	CHANGE BETWEEN 1980-1990 PERCENT
Total All Industries	209,447	256,468	47,021	22.5
Agr., Forestry, & Fisheries	6,100	5,677	- 423	- 6.9
Mining & Construction	10,813	14,350	3,537	32.7
Manufacturing	50,873	60,949	10,076	19.8
Durable Goods	37,019	46,774	9,775	26.4
Nondurable Goods	13,854	14,175	321	2.3
Transportation & Utilities 1/	10,517	12,050	1,533	14.6
Wholesale Trade	7,518	9,500	1,982	26.4
Retail Trade	33,263	41,950	8,687	26.1
Finance, Ins., & Real Estate	8,038	10,000	1,962	24.4
Services	66,925	82,892	15,967	23.9
Government	15,400	19,100	3,700	24.0
Federal, except Postal	2,777	3,200	423	15.2
State, except Education	7,878	9,900	2,022	25.7
Local, except Education	4,745	6,000	1,255	26.4

1/ Includes U.S. Postal Service.

NOTE: Self-employed and unpaid family workers are NOT included in this table.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

Vermont Labor Force

Labor force, employment and unemployment estimates by place of residence contained in this publication of the Current Population Survey estimates. This survey is a national survey conducted monthly for the Bureau of Labor Statistics by the Census Bureau to determine labor force, employment and unemployment for the nation. The Current Population Survey estimates are the official series used for revenue sharing and distribution of funds in all federal programs that are dependent on local area unemployment estimates.

Current Population Survey Estimates

Labor Force Developments

According to Current Population Survey estimates, Vermont's annual average labor force increased from 219,000 in 1976 to 277,000 in 1985, a gain of 58,000 or 26.5 percent as shown in Table 11 and Figure 2. This labor force expansion not only resulted from growth in the working-age population, but also from changing patterns in labor force participation. The teenage labor force (16-19) participation rate climbed from 40.1 percent in 1970 to 59.2 percent in 1985. Women's participation rate rose from 48.1 percent in 1976 to 58.0 percent in 1985.

As can be seen in Table 12, the largest number of participants in Vermont's labor force during 1985 occurred in the 25-34 age group. Table 13 exhibits Vermont's labor force by sex and race for 1980 and 1985. In 1985 women comprised 43.1 percent of the labor force as compared with 42.9 percent in 1980. The male proportion of the labor force declined slightly from 57.1 percent in 1980 to 56.9 in 1985. Nonwhites account for only a small portion of the labor force in Vermont as shown in Table 13.

Table 15 and 16 present labor force estimates for Vermont's counties and labor market areas during 1985. Chittenden County and Burlington Labor Market Area posted the greatest number of labor force participants. Grant Isle County and Morrisville Labor Market Area showed the least number of labor force participants.

Unemployment Developments

Vermont's economy showed continued improvement in 1985 with a strong fourth quarter paced by the construction, trade and service sectors. The 1985 unemployment rate averaged 4.8 percent, declining from the 1983 and 1984 average to 13,000. During 1985, Chittenden County and the White River Jct. Labor Market Area posted the lowest unemployment rates while Orleans County and the Newport Labor Market Area recorded the highest unemployment rates.

Between 1984 and 1985, the New England unemployment rate decreased 0.5 percent and the United States rate decreased 0.4 of a percentage point. A comparison in unemployment rates for the United States, New England and Vermont during the period 1976 and 1985 is shown in Table 14.

Outlook

The Vermont economic forecast, prepared by the Office of Policy Research and Coordination in May 1986, shows continued growth in both employment and income during 1986 and 1987. As one would expect in the fourth and fifth years of an economic expansion, the outlook is for a slowing in the rate of growth. Jobs are forecast to grow by 3.4 percent this year and by 2.6 percent in 1987. In 1985 employment increased by 4.1 percent.

The bulk of the job growth will continue to come from the nonmanufacturing sector. However, the manufacturing sector is forecast to improve as a result of lower interest rates, the lower value of the dollar, and an improved economy abroad. The modest improvements in manufacturing will be the most noticeable in 1987 because of the lag time involved with the interest and trade factors working their way through the economy.

The relatively strong Vermont economy is forecast to lead to a faster rate of population increase between 1985 and 1987. The increase in population and a faster growing labor force will produce a mild increase in the rate of unemployment to 4.9 percent in 1986 and 5.2 percent in 1987.

TABLE 11
VERMONT LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES
ANNUAL AVERAGES
1976-1985
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

YEAR	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1/	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED RATE 2/	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 3/
1976	219,000	19,000	8.7	200,000
1977	231,000	16,000	7.0	215,000
1978	243,000	14,000	5.7	229,000
1979	247,000	12,000	5.1	235,000
1980	253,000	16,000	6.4	237,000
1981	261,000	15,000	5.7	246,000
1982	267,000	18,000	6.9	249,000
1983	267,000	18,000	6.9	249,000
1984	269,000	14,000	5.2	255,000
1985	277,000	13,000	4.8	264,000

1/ Includes persons involved in labor disputes, but excludes military personnel.
2/ As a percent of the labor force.
3/ Employment adjusted to persons by place of residence.

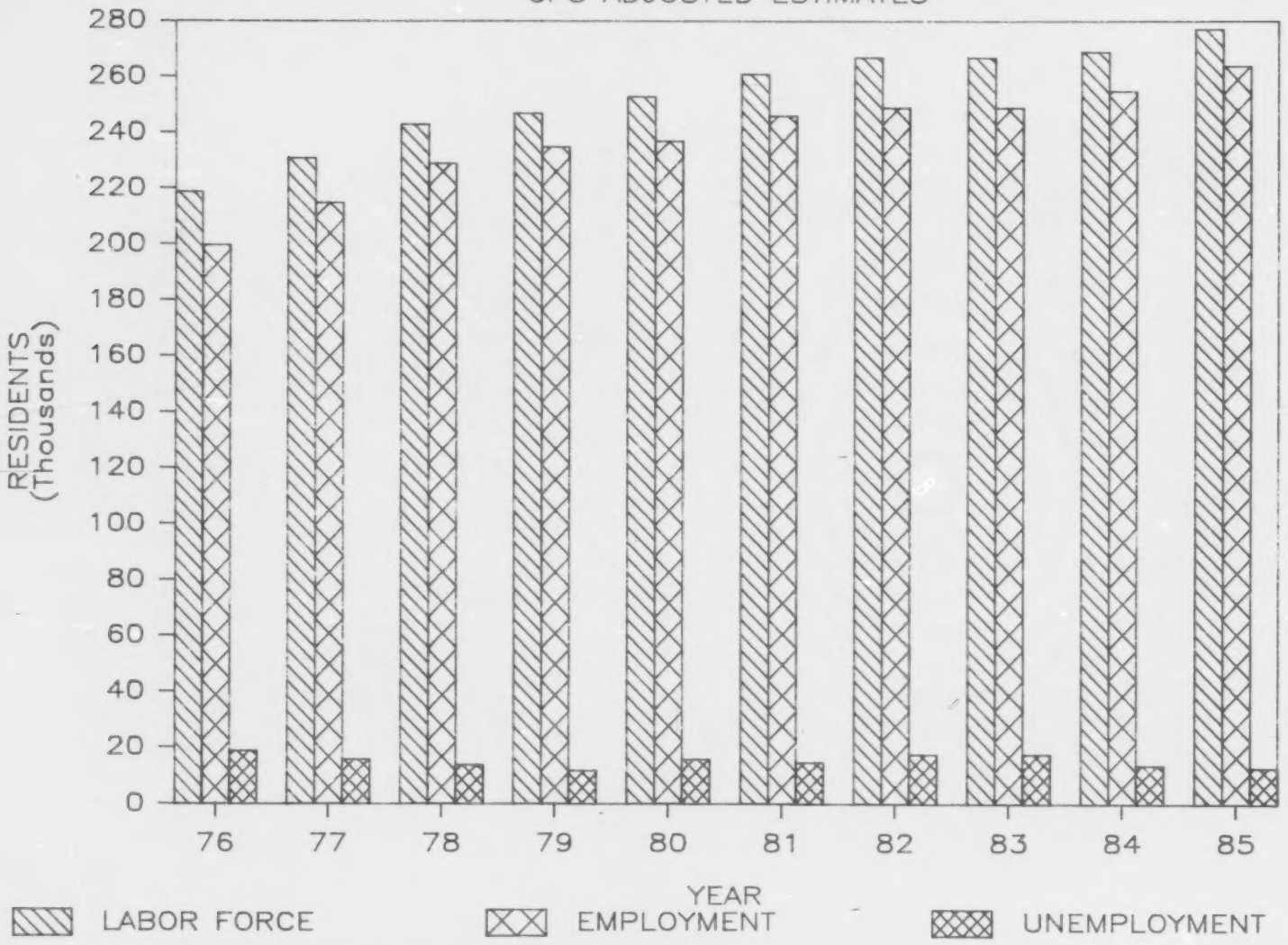
All data benchmarked to Current Population Survey Annual Averages.

For methodology, see Glossary of Terms.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

VERMONT LABOR FORCE

CPS ADJUSTED ESTIMATES



1/ Current Population Survey - Annual Averages

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

FIGURE 2

TABLE 12
VERMONT LABOR FORCE BY AGE GROUP - WHITE, NONWHITE*
1985
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

AGE GROUP	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE	UNEMPLOYED		TOTAL EMPLOYMENT
		NUMBER	RATE (%)	
TOTAL				
16 - 19	18,000	3,000	15.7	15,000
20 - 24	37,000	3,000	7.1	34,000
25 - 34	83,000	4,000	4.3	79,000
35 - 44	64,000	2,000	3.5	62,000
45 - 64	67,000	1,000	4.0	65,000
65+	9,000	N.A.	N.A.	9,000
TOTAL	277,000	13,000	4.8	264,000
WHITE				
16 - 19	18,000	3,000	15.7	15,000
20 - 24	36,000	3,000	7.1	33,000
25 - 34	82,000	4,000	4.3	78,000
35 - 44	63,000	2,000	3.4	61,000
45 - 64	66,000	2,000	3.0	64,000
65+	9,000	N.A.	N.A.	9,000
TOTAL	275,000	13,000	4.8	262,000
NONWHITE				
16 - 19	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
20 - 24	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
25 - 34	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
35 - 44	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
45 - 64	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
65+	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A
TOTAL	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.

* - Excludes Military personnel
N.A. - Not available

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

TABLE 13
VERMONT LABOR FORCE BY SEX AND RACE *
1980 - 1985
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

BY SEX

	1980 1/			1985 2/		
	TOTAL**	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL	MALE	FEMALE
Labor Force	242,500	138,500	104,000	277,000	153,000	125,000
Unemployment	15,300	9,100	6,200	13,000	7,000	7,000
Rate	6.3%	6.5%	6.0%	4.8%	4.4%	5.3%
Employment	227,200	129,400	97,800	264,000	146,000	118,000

BY RACE

	1980 1/			1985 2/		
	TOTAL**	WHITE	NONWHITE	TOTAL	WHITE	NONWHITE
Labor Force	242,500	240,700	1,800	277,000	275,000	N.A.
Unemployment	15,300	15,100	200	13,000	13,000	N.A.
Rate	6.3%	6.3%	9.6%	4.8%	4.8%	N.A.
Employment	227,200	225,600	1,600	264,000	262,000	N.A.

* - Excludes Military personnel.

** - Because of difference in methodology, 1980 labor force data as presented in this table is not identical to 1980 labor force data shown in Table 11.

Data may not add to totals due to rounding.

N.A. - Not available

1/ Source: 1980 Census Data.
2/ Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

TABLE 14
COMPARISON OF UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: ANNUAL AVERAGES
UNITED STATES, NEW ENGLAND AND VERMONT
1976-1985

	UNITED STATES *1/	NEW ENGLAND *1/	VERMONT *2/
1976	7.7	9.1	8.7
1977	7.1	7.7	7.0
1978	6.1	5.7	5.7
1979	5.8	5.4	5.1
1980	7.1	5.9	6.4
1981	7.6	6.3	5.7
1982	9.7	7.8	6.9
1983	9.6	6.8	6.9
1984	7.5	4.9	5.2
1985	7.1	4.4	4.8

Methodology:

* Current Population Survey Estimates.

Source: 1/ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
2/ Vermont Department of Employment & Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 15
LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES: VERMONT COUNTIES
ANNUAL AVERAGES
1985
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

COUNTY	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1/	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED RATE 2/	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 3/
Addison	15,400	700	4.4%	14,700
Bennington	19,200	1,100	5.9	18,100
Caledonia	12,400	650	5.4	11,750
Chittenden	68,900	2,400	3.5	66,500
Essex	2,800	200	6.4	2,600
Franklin	17,300	1,100	6.5	16,200
Grand Isle	2,300	150	7.2	2,150
Lamoille	9,550	700	7.3	8,850
Orange	11,850	450	3.9	11,400
Orleans	10,650	800	7.7	9,850
Rutland	30,850	1,250	4.0	29,600
Washington	27,700	1,300	4.6	26,400
Windham	20,700	1,200	5.8	19,550
Windsor	27,400	1,000	3.6	26,400
STATEWIDE	277,000	13,000	4.8	264,000

1/ Includes persons involved in labor disputes, but excludes military personnel.
2/ As a percent of the labor force.
3/ Employment adjusted to persons by place of residence.

All data benchmarked to Current Population Survey Annual Averages.

For methodology, see Glossary of Terms.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

TABLE 16
LABOR FORCE ESTIMATES: VERMONT LABOR MARKET AREAS
ANNUAL AVERAGES
1985
CURRENT POPULATION SURVEY ESTIMATES

LABOR MARKET AREA	CIVILIAN LABOR FORCE 1/	% TOTAL	UNEMPLOYED NUMBER	UNEMPLOYED RATE 2/	TOTAL EMPLOYMENT 3/
Barre-Montpelier	39,150	14.1%	2,000	5.1%	37,150
Bennington	19,200	6.9	1,100	5.9	18,100
Brattleboro	15,750	5.7	800	5.1	14,950
Burlington	68,600	24.8	2,350	3.4	66,250
Middlebury	15,050	5.4	650	4.3	14,400
Morrisville	9,550	3.4	700	7.3	8,850
Newport	12,100	4.4	900	7.5	11,200
Rutland	30,850	11.1	1,250	4.0	29,600
St. Albans	18,950	6.8	1,250	6.7	17,700
St. Johnsbury	12,850	4.3	700	5.3	12,150
Springfield	16,500	6.0	900	5.6	15,600
White River Jct.	18,450	6.7	550	2.9	17,900
STATEWIDE	277,000	100.0	13,000	4.8	264,000

1/ Includes persons involved in labor disputes, but excludes military personnel.
2/ As a percent of the labor force.
3/ Employment adjusted to persons by place of residence.

All data benchmarked to Current Population Survey Annual Averages.
For methodology, see Glossary of Terms.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training in cooperation with the Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor.

Characteristics of the Insured Unemployed

The average number of regular benefit recipients for a survey week was 4,479 in 1985, slightly less (0.7%) than in 1984. The number of male recipients declined by 5.9 percent between 1984 and 1985 while the number of female recipients increased by 7.4 percent. Over one-half of the recipients were between 25 and 44 years of age. Most industries showed a drop in the number of recipients; however, the number of people receiving benefits who had been employed in manufacturing increased by 15.9 percent between 1984 and 1985. The number of those previously employed in the durable goods sector of manufacturing rose by 30.5 percent but was partly offset with a drop of 9.1 percent from the nondurable goods sector. Distribution of recipient by occupation showed benchwork with a 32.1 percent gain while all other occupations declined except the miscellaneous category which registered a 10.5 percent increase.

The increase in the number of recipients previously employed in benchwork jobs in the durable goods sector of manufacturing reflects the impact of the electrical machinery manufacturing industry in Vermont. This industry had some difficulty during 1985 resulting in a number of layoffs.

The largest share of regular benefit recipients collected benefits for 15 weeks or more.

TABLE 17
CHARACTERISTICS OF THE INSURED UNEMPLOYED
REGULAR BENEFITS 1/
VERMONT
1985 ANNUAL AVERAGES 2/

CHARACTERISTICS	1985 NUMBER	%
TOTAL	4,479	100.0
SEX		
Male	2,570	57.4
Female	1,909	42.6
AGE		
Under 25	974	21.8
25 - 44	2,491	55.6
45 and over	1,014	22.6
INDUSTRY		
Construction	943	21.1
Manufacturing	1,330	29.7
Durable Goods	941	21.0
Nondurable Goods	390	9.7
Trans., Comm. & Pub. Util.	97	2.2
Trade	660	14.7
F.I.R.E. 3/	60	1.3
Service	860	19.2
Miscellaneous	529	11.8
OCCUPATION		
Professional 4/	412	9.2
Clerical & Sales	594	13.3
Service	532	11.9
Farming 5/	78	1.7
Processing	82	1.8
Machine Trades	329	7.4
Bench Work	433	9.7
Structural Work	807	18.0
Miscellaneous 6/	1,212	27.0
DURATION		
1-2 Weeks	341	7.6
3-4 Weeks	383	8.6
5-14 Weeks	1,632	36.4
15 Weeks and over	2,123	47.4

1/ Includes only State Funded Regular Unemployment Insurance benefit recipients. Those who received benefits from supplemental programs using some Federal Funds (Extended Benefits or Federal Supplemental Compensation) were not included in the records maintenance.
2/ An average of the March, June, September, and December survey weeks.
3/ Finance, Insurance, and Real Estate.
4/ Also includes Technical and Managerial Occupations.
5/ Also includes Fishery and Forestry Occupations.
6/ Motor Freight, Transportation, Packaging & Materials Handling, and other Occupations.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training

Characteristics of Fully Registered Active Applicants

During FY 1985, there were 70,369 fully registered active applicants in Vermont. This was 4,694 fewer than in FY 1984, a 6.3 percent decline. While the number of male applicants dropped by over 10 percent, the number of female applicants declined by less than 1 percent, so that in FY 1985 the share of female applicants increased to over 45 percent of the total.

Percentage distribution of applicants by occupation in FY 1985 remained close to FY 1984 levels although some occupations showed a significant drop in number between FY 1984 and FY 1985 (see Professional, Processing, & Machine Trades). The only exception was the number of applicants for benchwork which increased by over 5 percent during this time.

The electrical machinery manufacturing industry experienced some difficulty during 1985, including a fair amount of layoffs. This could account for the increase in applicants in benchwork, which includes assemblers, as well as for the smaller drop in female applicants. Women traditionally have filled the major share of these less skilled jobs in manufacturing.

In looking at distribution of applicants by age, the number of those 19 and under increased while all other age groups registered a decline.

Almost three-quarters of the job-seekers were high school graduates and over one-third of these had some additional schooling.

The number of veteran applicants dropped by over 15 percent.

Job Openings Received

The number of job openings received by Vermont Job Service increased from 26,523 in FY 1984 to 29,655 in FY 1985. This was a gain of 11.8 percent, reflecting the improving economy in Vermont. Distribution of openings by occupation in FY 1985 was about the same as in FY 1984 with the largest share for service jobs. Machine trades registered the largest gain in the number of openings received while processing showed no change. The majority of the openings (62.1%) were for permanent jobs.

TABLE 18
CHARACTERISTICS OF FULLY REGISTERED ACTIVE APPLICANTS
VERMONT JOB SERVICE
FY 1984 AND FY 1985 1/

CHARACTERISTICS	FY 1984 NUMBER	FY 1984 %	FY 1985 NUMBER	FY 1985 %	% CHANGE FY1984-FY1985
TOTAL 2/	75,063	100.0	70,369	100.0	- 6.3
SEX					
Male	42,943	57.2	38,534	54.8	- 10.3
Female	32,120	42.8	31,835	45.2	- 0.9
OCCUPATION					
Professional 3/	9,865	13.1	8,820	12.5	- 10.6
Clerical & Sales	16,334	21.8	15,670	22.4	- 4.1
Service	15,262	20.2	14,592	20.7	- 4.4
Farming 4/	2,442	3.2	2,287	3.3	- 6.4
Processing	1,174	1.6	1,051	1.5	- 10.5
Machine Trades	6,009	8.0	5,147	7.3	- 14.4
Bench Work	4,155	5.4	4,391	6.2	5.7
Structural Work	12,076	16.0	11,138	15.8	- 7.8
Miscellaneous 5/	8,125	10.7	7,273	10.3	- 10.5
AGE 6/					
15 and under	371	0.5	525	0.8	41.5
16 - 19	9,059	12.1	9,280	13.2	2.4
20 - 21	7,451	9.9	6,989	9.9	- 6.2
22 - 39	42,275	56.3	38,922	55.3	- 7.9
40 - 54	11,381	15.2	10,702	15.2	- 6.0
55 and over	4,452	5.9	3,849	5.5	- 13.5
EDUCATION					
0 - 7	1,486	1.6	1,363	1.9	- 8.3
8 - 11	18,954	25.0	18,291	26.0	- 3.5
12	35,839	47.4	32,480	46.2	- 9.4
12+	19,684	26.0	18,235	25.9	- 7.4
VETERAN	10,444	13.9	8,833	12.6	- 15.4
Vietnam Era	4,465	5.6	3,810	5.4	- 14.7
HANDICAPPED	3,431	4.6	3,290	4.7	- 4.1

1/ Fiscal Year 1984: October 1983 - September 1984
Fiscal Year 1985: July 1, 1984 - June 30, 1985
2/ Total includes applicant with invalid occupational codes.
3/ Also includes Technical and Managerial occupations.
4/ Also includes Fishery and Forestry occupations.
5/ Motor Freight, Transportation, Packaging & Materials Handling and Other occupations.
6/ Age breakout may not equal total applicants due to reporting procedures.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training.

TABLE 19
JOB OPENINGS RECEIVED
VERMONT JOB SERVICE
FY 1984 and FY 1985 1/

OCCUPATIONAL CATEGORY AND DURATION OF JOB	FY 1984 NUMBER	FY 1984 %	FY 1985 NUMBER	FY 1985 %	% CHANGE FY1984-FY1985
TOTAL	26,523	100.0	29,655	100.0	11.8
OCCUPATION					
Professional 2/	1,591	6.0	1,695	5.7	6.5
Clerical & Sales	5,502	20.8	5,763	19.4	4.7
Service	7,168	27.0	8,513	28.7	18.8
Farming 3/	1,812	6.8	2,139	7.2	18.1
Processing	460	1.7	460	1.6	-0-
Machine Trades	1,315	5.0	1,646	5.6	25.2
Benchwork	929	3.5	1,028	3.5	10.7
Structural Work	4,475	16.9	4,669	15.7	4.3
Miscellaneous 4/	3,271	12.3	3,742	12.6	14.4
DURATION					
Over 150 days	16,359	61.7	18,402	62.1	11.3
4 to 150 days	8,302	31.3	9,352	31.5	12.7
3 days or less	1,862	7.0	1,901	6.4	2.1

1/ Fiscal Year 1984: October 1983 - September 1984
Fiscal Year 1985: July 1984 - June 1985
2/ Also includes Technical and Managerial occupations.
3/ Also includes Fishery and Forestry occupations.
4/ Motor Freight, Transporation, Packaging & Materials Handling and Other occuaptions.

Source: Vermont Department of Employment and Training

Table 20 shows full- or part-time employment status of Vermont's civilian labor force by age and sex for 1985. Approximately 95.7 percent of the full-time labor force aged 16 and over were employed. The employed portion aged 16 and over of the part-time labor force was 93.2 percent. Women accounted for 39.5 percent of those in the full-time labor force as compared to 72.7 percent of the part-time labor force.

Unemployed persons represented 4.5 percent of the full-time labor force and 6.8 percent of the part-time labor force. As seen in Table 20, the highest unemployed group was females, age 16-19, in the full-time labor force. Males, age 20 and over, in the full-time labor force represented the lowest rate, 3.4 percent.

TABLE 20

Full- or part-time status of the civilian labor force by sex and age
1985 annual averages, population-controlled
(Numbers in thousands)

	Full-Time Labor Force						Part-Time Labor Force			
	Total	Employed			Unemployed		Total	Employed	Unemployed	
		Total	On F-T Schedules	P-T for Economic Reasons	Total	Rate			Total	Rate
Both Sexes, Age 16+	233	223	211	12	10	4.5	44	41	3	6.7
Age 16 - 19	10	8	6	2	2	18.3	8	8	1	12.6
Age 20+	223	215	205	10	9	3.9	36	36	2	5.3
Male, Age 16+	141	135	131	4	6	4.0	12	12	1	9.6
Age 16 - 19	5	4	4	1	1	18.1	4	4	NA	11.5
Age 20+	135	131	127	4	5	3.4	7	7	1	8.5
Female, Age 16+	93	88	80	7	5	5.3	32	32	2	5.6
Age 16 - 19	5	4	2	1	1	18.6	4	4	1	13.8
Age 20+	88	84	78	6	4	4.6	28	28	1	4.4

NA - Not Available

Source: Current Population Survey
1985 Annual Averages

Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment by sex and age for 1985 are shown on Table 21. New entrants or reentrants to the labor force accounted for 46.15 percent of total unemployed, aged 16 or over. Women, 16 years of age and over, represented 53.85 percent of all unemployed, 37.5 percent of all job losers and leavers and 50.0 percent of all new entrants and reentrants.

TABLE 21

Unemployed persons by reason for unemployment by sex and age
1985 annual averages, population-controlled
(Numbers in thousands)

	Total	Job Losers & Leavers					New Entrants & Reentrants			
		Losers			Leavers		New Entrants		Reentrants	
		Total	Total	On Layoff		Total	Seeking Temporary Work	Total	Never Workd F-T	Total	Last Worked <5 Years Ago
Both Sexes, Age 16+	13	8	6	3	2	5	NA	1	1	5	4
Age 16 - 19	3	1	NA	NA	NA	2	NA	1	1	1	1
Age 20+	11	7	5	3	2	3	NA	NA	NA	3	3
Male, Age 16+	7	4	4	2	1	2	NA	NA	NA	2	2
Age 16 - 19	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	1	1
Age 20+	5	4	3	2	1	1	NA	NA	NA	1	1
Female, Age 16+	7	3	2	1	1	3	NA	NA	NA	3	2
Age 16 - 19	1	NA	NA	NA	NA	1	NA	NA	NA	1	1
Age 20+	5	3	2	1	1	2	NA	NA	NA	2	1

NA - Not Available

Source: Current Population Survey
1985 Annual Averages

This is a one page computer generated narrative fact sheet of estimates for the State, Burlington Metropolitan Area and each County from the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

It contains four sections, each treating one facet of personal income: per capita personal income, total personal income, the components of personal income and earnings by major industry. The per capita and total personal income sections include current estimates, growth rates, and comparison of the areas income to other local areas to the nation. The other sections list the area's most important sources of income, what percent of income they generate and how fast they are growing.

BEARFACTS

VERMONT
1983-84

VERMONT IS ONE OF THE 51 STATES IN THE UNITED STATES. (THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA IS INCLUDED FOR RANKING PURPOSES.) ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 529,800 RANKED 49TH IN THE NATION.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, VERMONT HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $10,828. THIS PCPI RANKED 39TH IN THE UNITED STATES AND WAS 85 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.4 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, VERMONT HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $5,736,358*. THIS TPI RANKED 51ST IN THE UNITED STATES AND ACCOUNTED FOR 0.2 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.3 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF VERMONT. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 65.2 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 20.0 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 14.8 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 9.9 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.4 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN VERMONT INCREASED FROM $3,686,279* IN 1983 TO $4,043,618* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 9.7 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 22.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 20.1 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.6 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 8.1 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (6.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 14.0 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC INFORMATION SYSTEM
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

BURLINGTON, VT
1983-84

BURLINGTON IS ONE OF THE 316 METROPOLITAN AREAS IN THE UNITED STATES. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 126,200 RANKED 251ST IN THE NATION.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, BURLINGTON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $12,039. THIS PCPI RANKED 166TH IN THE UNITED STATES AND WAS 94 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.1 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, BURLINGTON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $1,519,491*. THIS TPI RANKED 236TH IN THE UNITED STATES. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.5 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF BURLINGTON. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 73.7 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 15.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 10.5 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 10.0 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.3 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN BURLINGTON INCREASED FROM $1,215,197* IN 1983 TO $1,334,617* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 9.8 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 33.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 18.3 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.0 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 8.2 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS RETAIL TRADE (9.8 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 13.1 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC INFORMATION SYSTEM
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

ADDISON, VERMONT
1983-84

ADDISON IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 30,900 RANKED 8TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ADDISON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,208. THIS PCPI RANKED 11TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 85 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 72 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.5 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ADDISON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $284,415*. THIS TPI RANKED 8TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 5.0 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ADDISON. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 64.6 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 21.4 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 14.0 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 8.6 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.2 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ADDISON INCREASED FROM $160,680* IN 1983 TO $174,442* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 8.6 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 23.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 10.8 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM (9.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH DECLINED 8.7 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (5.5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 17.8 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

BENNINGTON, VERMONT
1983-84

BENNINGTON IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 34,600 RANKED 7TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, BENNINGTON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,281. THIS PCPI RANKED 3RD IN THE STATE, AND WAS 104 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 88 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.1 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, BENNINGTON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $390,671*. THIS TPI RANKED 6TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 6.8 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.5 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF BENNINGTON. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 58.9 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 25.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.0 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 9.9 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.6 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN BENNINGTON INCREASED FROM $232,103* IN 1983 TO $254,939* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 9.8 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 25.9 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 24.1 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 14.2 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING (10.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 8.1 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (6.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 21.2 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

CALEDONIA, VERMONT
1983-84

CALEDONIA IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 26,400 RANKED 9TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, CALEDONIA HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,238. THIS PCPI RANKED 10TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 85 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 72 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.9 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, CALEDONIA HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $243,465*. THIS TPI RANKED 9TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 4.2 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.1 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF CALEDONIA. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 59.9 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 21.4 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 18.7 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 8.1 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.3 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.6 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CALEDONIA INCREASED FROM $140,890* IN 1983 TO $150,988* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 7.2 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 17.4 PERCENT; RETAIL TRADE, 12.4 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 10.8 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED APPROXIMATELY 5 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (8.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 24.4 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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BEARFACTS

CHITTENDEN, VERMONT
1983-84

CHITTENDEN IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS PART OF THE BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 121,300 RANKED 1ST IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, CHITTENDEN HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $12,125. THIS PCPI RANKED 1ST IN THE STATE, AND WAS 112 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 95 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.1 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, CHITTENDEN HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $1,470,839*. THIS TPI RANKED 1ST IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 25.6 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.6 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF CHITTENDEN. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 73.9 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 15.7 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 10.3 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 10.1 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.4 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN CHITTENDEN INCREASED FROM $1,207,422* IN 1983 TO $1,325,915* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 9.8 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 33.5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 18.3 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 10.9 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 8.2 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS RETAIL TRADE (9.8 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 13.0 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

ESSEX, VERMONT
1983-84

ESSEX IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 6,600 RANKED 13TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ESSEX HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $8,454. THIS PCPI RANKED 13TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 78 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 66 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 7.6 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ESSEX HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $55,679*. THIS TPI RANKED 13TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 1.0 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.0 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ESSEX. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 62.9 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 15.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 21.3 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 10.6 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.4 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 1.7 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ESSEX INCREASED FROM $27,914* IN 1983 TO $31,148* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 11.6 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR APPROXIMATELY 40 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT; AND CONSTRUCTION, 5.9 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM (5.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH DECLINED 2.4 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES (APPROXIMATELY 10 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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BEARFACTS

FRANKLIN, VERMONT
1983-84

FRANKLIN IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 36,100 RANKED 6TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, FRANKLIN HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,814. THIS PCPI RANKED 9TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 91 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 77 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.8 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, FRANKLIN HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $353,883*. THIS TPI RANKED 7TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 6.2 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 7.7 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF FRANKLIN. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 67.5 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 15.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.9 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 8.1 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.4 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 1.5 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN FRANKLIN INCREASED FROM $169,000* IN 1983 TO $184,013* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 8.9 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 19.6 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 14.2 PERCENT; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 11.1 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 11.0 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM (9.5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH DECLINED 7.8 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 18.0 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

GRAND ISLE, VERMONT
1983-84

GRAND ISLE IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS PART OF THE BURLINGTON METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 4,900 RANKED 14TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, GRAND ISLE HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,909. THIS PCPI RANKED 8TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 92 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 78 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 7.7 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, GRAND ISLE HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $48,652*. THIS TPI RANKED 14TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 0.8 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 6.9 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF GRAND ISLE. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 65.2 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 19.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 15.7 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 6.7 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 1.0 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN GRAND ISLE INCREASED FROM $7,775* IN 1983 TO $8,702* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 11.9 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR APPROXIMATELY 20 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 18.4 PERCENT; AND FARM, 14.3 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM, WHICH DECLINED 15.0 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS RETAIL TRADE (11.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 28.7 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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BEARFACTS

LAMOILLE, VERMONT
1983-84

LAMOILLE IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 17,500 RANKED 12TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, LAMOILLE HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $10,247. THIS PCPI RANKED 7TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 95 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 80 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 10.2 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, LAMOILLE HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $179,339*. THIS TPI RANKED 12TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 3.1 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 10.4 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND MORE THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF LAMOILLE. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 61.7 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 22.2 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.1 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 11.7 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.3 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN LAMOILLE INCREASED FROM $88,316* IN 1983 TO $99,276* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 12.4 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 32.1 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; RETAIL TRADE, 14.4 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 13.5 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM (5.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 0.6 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING (8.0 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 24.1 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

ORANGE, VERMONT
1983-84

ORANGE IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 23,800 RANKED 11TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ORANGE HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $9,147. THIS PCPI RANKED 12TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 84 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 72 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ORANGE HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $217,627*. THIS TPI RANKED 10TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 3.8 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.6 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ORANGE. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 62.0 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 22.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 15.9 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 9.9 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.2 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 3.8 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ORANGE INCREASED FROM $89,264* IN 1983 TO $97,067* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 20.8 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 14.9 PERCENT; STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 13.6 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 12.0 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM (10.0 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 1.8 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (8.6 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 22.5 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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BEARFACTS

ORLEANS, VERMONT
1983-84

ORLEANS IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 23,900 RANKED 10TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ORLEANS HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $8,279. THIS PCPI RANKED 14TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 76 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 65 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.8 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, ORLEANS HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $197,711*. THIS TPI RANKED 11TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 3.4 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.4 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF ORLEANS. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 57.6 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 22.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 20.3 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 10.6 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.6 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.0 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN ORLEANS INCREASED FROM $111,185* IN 1983 TO $123,987* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 11.5 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 21.4 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 16.0 PERCENT; STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 11.3 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 10.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS FARM (9.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH DECLINED 1.5 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (5.0 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 45.0 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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BEARFACTS

RUTLAND, VERMONT
1983-84

RUTLAND IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 59,100 RANKED 2ND IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, RUTLAND HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,165. THIS PCPI RANKED 5TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 103 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 87 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.2 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, RUTLAND HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $659,395*. THIS TPI RANKED 2ND IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 11.5 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 10.3 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND EQUAL TO THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF RUTLAND. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 63.6 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 19.5 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.9 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 11.7 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.7 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN RUTLAND INCREASED FROM $393,987* IN 1983 TO $440,864* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 11.9 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 23.2 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 20.0 PERCENT; AND RETAIL TRADE, 11.4 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 5.3 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (5.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 31.9 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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BEARFACTS

WASHINGTON, VERMONT
1983-84

WASHINGTON IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 53,600 RANKED 3RD IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, WASHINGTON HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,492. THIS PCPI RANKED 2ND IN THE STATE, AND WAS 106 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 90 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, WASHINGTON HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $615,495*. THIS TPI RANKED 3RD IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 10.7 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.9 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF WASHINGTON. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 65.4 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 19.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 15.5 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 9.3 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 13.1 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.7 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN WASHINGTON INCREASED FROM $410,054* IN 1983 TO $446,054* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 8.8 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 24.8 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 20.3 PERCENT; AND FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE, 10.8 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING (10.3 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 6.0 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS FINANCE, INSURANCE, AND REAL ESTATE, WHICH INCREASED 15.7 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

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BEARFACTS

WINDHAM, VERMONT
1983-84

WINDHAM IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 38,500 RANKED 5TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, WINDHAM HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,155. THIS PCPI RANKED 6TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 103 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 87 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.0 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, WINDHAM HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $429,523*. THIS TPI RANKED 5TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 7.5 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.9 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS LESS THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF WINDHAM. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 61.0 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 23.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 15.2 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 9.8 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.9 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 0.2 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN WINDHAM INCREASED FROM $320,453* IN 1983 TO $348,343* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 8.7 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE SERVICES, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 24.6 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; NON-DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, 12.3 PERCENT; RETAIL TRADE, 10.4 PERCENT; AND TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES, 10.1 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS CONSTRUCTION (9.7 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH DECLINED 2.8 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING (10.0 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 22.1 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS

BEARFACTS

WINDSOR, VERMONT
1983-84

WINDSOR IS ONE OF THE 14 COUNTIES IN VERMONT. IT IS NOT PART OF A METROPOLITAN AREA. ITS 1984 POPULATION OF 52,700 RANKED 4TH IN THE STATE.

PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, WINDSOR HAD A PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (PCPI) OF $11,182. THIS PCPI RANKED 4TH IN THE STATE, AND WAS 103 PERCENT OF THE STATE AVERAGE ($10,828) AND 88 PERCENT OF THE NATIONAL AVERAGE ($12,772). THE 1984 PCPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 8.5 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (8.4 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT).

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

IN 1984, WINDSOR HAD A TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) OF $589,664*. THIS TPI RANKED 4TH IN THE STATE AND ACCOUNTED FOR 10.3 PERCENT OF THE STATE TOTAL. THE 1984 TPI REFLECTED AN INCREASE OF 9.4 PERCENT FROM 1983. THE 1983-84 CHANGE WAS MORE THAN THE STATE AVERAGE (9.3 PERCENT) AND LESS THAN THE NATIONAL AVERAGE (10.3 PERCENT).

COMPONENTS OF TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME

TOTAL PERSONAL INCOME (TPI) INCLUDES THE EARNINGS (WAGES AND SALARIES, OTHER LABOR INCOME, AND PROPRIETORS' INCOME); DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY THE RESIDENTS OF WINDSOR. IN 1984, EARNINGS WERE 58.8 PERCENT OF TPI; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT WERE 25.2 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS WERE 16.0 PERCENT. FROM 1983 TO 1984, EARNINGS INCREASED 10.1 PERCENT; DIVIDENDS, INTEREST, AND RENT INCREASED 12.8 PERCENT; AND TRANSFER PAYMENTS INCREASED 2.2 PERCENT.

EARNINGS BY INDUSTRY

EARNINGS OF PERSONS EMPLOYED IN WINDSOR INCREASED FROM $327,236* IN 1983 TO $357,880* IN 1984, AN INCREASE OF 9.4 PERCENT. THE LARGEST INDUSTRIES IN 1984 WERE DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH ACCOUNTED FOR 20.6 PERCENT OF EARNINGS; SERVICES, 17.8 PERCENT; RETAIL TRADE, 11.0 PERCENT; AND STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT, 8.6 PERCENT. OF THE INDUSTRIES THAT ACCOUNTED FOR AT LEAST 5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984, THE SLOWEST GROWING FROM 1983 TO 1984 WAS DURABLE GOODS MANUFACTURING, WHICH INCREASED 2.2 PERCENT; THE FASTEST WAS CONSTRUCTION (7.5 PERCENT OF EARNINGS IN 1984), WHICH INCREASED 23.2 PERCENT.

* ALL INCOME ESTIMATES WITH THE EXCEPTION OF PCPI ARE IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS.

REGIONAL ECONOMIC MEASUREMENT DIVISION
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1986 POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES AND EXPLANATIONS

The Department of Health and Human Services issued new poverty income guidelines on February 11, 1986. The guidelines listed reflect changes in the Consumer Price Index. These poverty income guidelines are used as an eligibility criterion by a number of federal programs including the Job Training Partnership Act (JTPA). It should be noted that Lower Living Standard Income Levels (LLSIL) were also revised for fiscal year 1986 by the Employment and Training Administration (ETA), U.S. Department of Labor, and are provided for both "Metropolitan" and "Non-Metropolitan" areas.

The definitions used in determining "family size" and "income" are derived for the most part from language used by the U.S. Bureau of the Census "Current Population Reports." Prior to 1981, there was a distinction between poverty guidelines for farm families and nonfarm families. The poverty guidelines given below are applicable to both farm and nonfarm families.

By definition, a "family" is a group of two or more persons related by birth, marriage, or adoption who reside together; all such related persons are considered members of one family. If a household contains more than one family, the poverty guidelines are applied separately to each family, and not to the household as a whole.

A "family size of 1" is a person 15 years old or over (other than an inmate of an institution) who is not living with any relatives. Examples of unrelated individuals residing with others include a lodger, a foster child, a ward, or an employee.

"Income" refers to total annual cash receipts before taxes from all sources. These receipts include money wages and salaries before any deductions, but do not include food or rent in lieu of wages. They also include net receipts from nonfarm or farm self-employment such as receipts from a person's own business or farm after deductions for business or farm expenses.

Income also includes regular payments from social security, railroad retirement, unemployment compensation, strike benefits from union funds, veterans' benefits, public assistance including Supplemental Security Income, training stipends, alimony, child support, private pensions, regular insurance or annuity payments, income from dividends, interest, rents, royalties, periodic receipts from estates or trusts, and military family allotments or other regular support from an absent family member or someone not living in the household.

"Income" for eligibility purposes does not include capital gains, any assets drawn down as withdrawals from a bank, the sale of property, a house, a car, tax refunds, gifts, lump-sum inheritances, one-time insurance payments, or compensation for injury. Also excluded are non-cash benefits such as the employer-paid or union-paid portion of health insurance, food or rent received in lieu of wages, the value of food or fuel produced and consumed on farms, the imputed value of rent from owner-occupied nonfarm or farm housing, and such federal programs as Medicaid, food stamps, and public housing.

POVERTY INCOME GUIDELINES FOR ALL STATES
(except Alaska and Hawaii)

Family Size	Poverty Level	70% LLSIL* Non-Metropolitan
1	$ 5,360	$ 4,660
2	$ 7,240	$ 7,480
3	$ 9,120	$10,270
4	$11,000	$12,680
5	$12,880	$14,960
6	$14,760	$17,500
7	$16,640	$20,040
8	$18,520	$22,580
For Each Additional Person Add	$ 1,880	$ 2,540

* Lower Living Standard Income Level

Labor Market Area Bulletins

Annual Summary Bulletins for each of Vermont's twelve labor market areas are published during the third quarter. Quarterly updates, providing current labor force, employment and labor supply and demand information are published four times a year, at the beginning of each quarter.

Employment Projections to 1990

Biannual employment projections by industry and occupation for Vermont.

Employment and Earnings

Annual data on nonagricultural wage and salary employment, hours and earnings, for Vermont, Burlington and Springfield Labor Market Areas.

Employment and Wages Covered by Unemployment Insurance

Annual employment and wages of employers covered by Vermont's Unemployment Compensation Laws distributed by industry and county.

Profile of Active Applicants

Report presents a listing of persons registered for work with the Vermont Job Service. Published four times a year in March, June, September and December.

Civilian Labor Force - an estimate of all people over 16 years of age who are either employed or unemployed.

Total Employment - an estimate of residents who earned wages during the week including the 12th of the month. This estimate includes residents employed in wage and salary jobs as well as agricultural workers, domestics, self-employed and unpaid family workers and workers on strike.

Total Unemployment - is an estimate of the number of residents who were not working during the survey week, but were able and available for work.

Unemployment Rate - is the total number of unemployed divided by the civilian labor force. Unemployment rates are computed from unrounded data.

Labor Force Participation Rate - the proportion of the population over 16 years of age which is in the labor force (labor force ÷ population).

Insured Unemployment - the number of people receiving unemployment insurance benefits.

Labor Force Methodology - Current Population Survey Adjusted estimates consists of benchmarking the monthly handbook estimates to Current Population Survey annual averages.

Current Population Survey - is a monthly survey of households conducted by the Bureau of the Census resulting in estimates of employed and unemployed nationwide and for selected States and areas.

Wage and Salary Employment - an estimate of the number of individual jobs by place of work during the week including the 12th of the month.

Consumer Price Index (CPI) - a measure of the average change in prices over time in a fixed market basket of goods and services. The new CPI-U for all Urban consumers covers approximately 80 percent of the total civilian non-institutional population.

Per Capita Personal Income - a measure of the total personal income of the residents of a given area divided by the resident population of the area.